## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5038

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Senate Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Padden, Pedersen, Kuderer, Darneille, Frockt, and Angel)

READ FIRST TIME 01/26/17.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to disclosures regarding incentivized evidence
- 2 and testimony; and adding new sections to chapter 10.58 RCW.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The definitions in this section apply throughout this section and sections 2 and 3 of this act unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 7 "Benefit" means any deal, payment, promise, (1)inducement, or other advantage offered by the state to an informant 8 9 in exchange for his or her testimony, information, or statement, but 10 excludes a court-issued protection order. "Benefit" also excludes 11 assistance that is ordinarily provided to both a prosecution and 12 defense witness to facilitate his or her presence in court including, 13 but not limited to, lodging, meals, travel expenses, or parking fees.
- (2)(a) "Informant" means the following individuals who provide information or testimony in exchange for, or in expectation of, a benefit:
- 17 (i) Any criminal suspect, whether or not he or she is detained or 18 incarcerated; and
- 19 (ii) Any incarcerated individual.
- 20 (b) An informant does not include an expert witness or a victim 21 of the crime being prosecuted.

p. 1 ESSB 5038

- 1 (3) "Statement" means an oral, written, or nonverbal communication related to the crime charged.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) Before the state may introduce any testimony or statement of an informant in a trial or other criminal proceeding, the state must:

- (a) Request the material and information in subsection (2) of this section from the investigative agency and the informant; and
- (b) Disclose to the defendant the results of the requests in (a) of this subsection, and any other material and information in subsection (2) of this section that is known, or reasonably available to be discovered, by the state. For purposes of this section, material and information is reasonably available to be discovered if it is obtained through: (i) Communication with the informant; (ii) review of material and information internal to the office of the prosecuting attorney; or (iii) requests for material and information from prosecutors and investigative agencies in jurisdictions where the informant has a criminal record or pending criminal charges.
- (2) The following material and information must be disclosed pursuant to subsection (1) of this section:
- (a) The complete criminal history of the informant, including any pending criminal charges or investigations in which the informant is a suspect;
  - (b) Any benefit the state has provided or may provide in the future to the informant in the present case, including any written agreement related to a benefit, and information related to the informant's breach of any conditions contained within the agreement;
  - (c) The substance, time, and place of any statement allegedly given by the defendant to the informant, and the substance, time, and place of any statement given by the informant to law enforcement implicating the defendant in the crime charged, including the names of all persons present when any statement was allegedly given by the defendant to the informant;
- (d) Any instance that the informant modified or recanted his or her testimony or statement, the time and place of the modification or recantation, the nature of the modification or recantation, and the names of the persons who were present at the modification or recantation;
- 38 (e) All other cases in which the informant offered to provide 39 information to or testify for the state in exchange for a deal,

p. 2 ESSB 5038

- payment, promise, leniency, inducement, or other advantage, whether or not a deal, payment, promise, leniency, inducement, or other advantage was offered or received;
  - (f) All other cases in which the informant testified for the state in exchange for a benefit, or in which the informant received any benefit as a result of that testimony;
  - (g) The relationship between the defendant and the informant, including the amount of time they were incarcerated in the same custodial section of the jail or prison;
- 10 (h) All evidence corroborating the informant's testimony or 11 statement implicating the defendant in the crime charged; and
- (i) Any other material or information in the possession, custody, or control of the state that bears on the credibility or reliability of the informant or the informant's statement.
- 15 (3)(a) The state must disclose to the defendant the materials and 16 information required under subsections (1) and (2) of this section as 17 soon as practicable after discovery but no later than fourteen days 18 before the testimony or statement is introduced in a trial or other 19 criminal proceeding.
- 20 (b) The state may not introduce any testimony or statement of an informant in a trial or other criminal proceeding unless the 22 materials and information required to be disclosed in subsections (1) 23 and (2) of this section are disclosed in accordance with this 24 subsection (3).
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. If the state fails to disclose the materials and information required under section 2 of this act, the court must order the state to immediately disclose the material and information, and may:
  - (1) Grant a continuance, unless waived by the defendant;
- 30 (2) Preclude the informant from testifying or the prior statement 31 from being introduced;
- 32 (3) Dismiss the action; or

4

5

7

8

9

29

- 33 (4) Enter such other order as it deems just under the 34 circumstances.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Nothing in sections 1 through 3 of this act diminishes federal constitutional disclosure obligations to criminal defendants or any related obligations under Washington case law, statutes, or court rules.

p. 3 ESSB 5038

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Sections 1 through 4 of this act are each added to chapter 10.58 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

--- END ---

p. 4 ESSB 5038