SENATE BILL 5039

State of Washington64th Legislature2015 Regular SessionBy Senator O'BanPrefiled 01/05/15.

AN ACT Relating to affirming the authority of the clemency and pardons board to make recommendations to the governor regarding petitions for reprieve to ensure that victims, law enforcement, prisoners, and others are heard; amending RCW 10.01.120; and creating a new section.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 Article III, section 9 of the state NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Constitution provides that the "pardoning power shall be vested in 8 the governor under such regulations and restrictions as may be 9 10 prescribed by law." Moreover, Article I, section 35 of the state 11 Constitution ensures that the voices of victims and their families are entitled to notice and an opportunity to be heard in the 12 13 sentencing and clemency processes. The legislature finds that the 14 clemency and pardons board plays an important role in advising the governor in his or her power to issue pardons, commute sentences, and 15 16 grant reprieves and protecting the rights of victims to be heard 17 during the exercise of that power.

18 The purposes for the establishment of the clemency and pardons 19 board as provided in section 1, chapter 323, Laws of 1999 are to 20 "assist the governor in gathering the facts necessary to the wise 21 exercise of this [pardoning] power" and "ensure that all victims and

1 survivors of victims of crimes are afforded a meaningful role in the clemency process." Under RCW 9.94A.885, prosecutors are notified 2 thirty days before a hearing and are required to "make reasonable 3 efforts to notify victims, survivors of victims, witnesses, and the 4 law enforcement agency or agencies that conducted the investigation, 5 6 of the date and place of the hearing." The hearings are also required 7 to be open to the public. The legislature reaffirms the board's indispensable role in ensuring that the pardoning and reprieve power 8 is exercised with deliberation and after victims, law enforcement, 9 and the prisoner have had the opportunity to be heard. 10

11 **Sec. 2.** RCW 10.01.120 and 2010 c 8 s 1003 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 Whenever a prisoner has been sentenced to death, the governor shall have power to commute such sentence to imprisonment for life at 14 15 hard labor; and in all cases in which the governor is authorized to 16 grant pardons or commute sentence of death, he or she may, upon the petition of the person convicted, commute a sentence or grant a 17 pardon, upon such conditions, and with such restrictions, and under 18 such limitations as he or she may think proper; and he or she may 19 20 issue his or her warrant to all proper officers to carry into effect such pardon or commutation, which warrant shall be obeyed and 21 executed, instead of the sentence, if any, which was originally 22 given. The governor may also, on good cause shown, grant respites or 23 24 reprieves from time to time as he or she may think proper. Good cause, for the purposes of this section, means that the governor has 25 undergone an individualized consideration of the facts of a specific 26 27 conviction after he or she has received a recommendation from the 28 clemency and pardons board as provided in RCW 9.94A.885.

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