SENATE BILL 5125

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Senators Cleveland and Short

Prefiled 01/08/21.

AN ACT Relating to affirming the process for disposing of dredged materials for federal navigation channel maintenance and improvement; and amending RCW 90.58.140, 90.58.355, and 90.58.356.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 90.58.140 and 2019 c 225 s 1 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) A development shall not be undertaken on the shorelines of 8 the state unless it is consistent with the policy of this chapter 9 and, after adoption or approval, as appropriate, the applicable 10 guidelines, rules, or master program.

11 (2) A substantial development shall not be undertaken on 12 shorelines of the state without first obtaining a permit from the 13 government entity having administrative jurisdiction under this 14 chapter.

15 A permit shall be granted:

(a) From June 1, 1971, until such time as an applicable master program has become effective, only when the development proposed is consistent with: (i) The policy of RCW 90.58.020; and (ii) after their adoption, the guidelines and rules of the department; and (iii) so far as can be ascertained, the master program being developed for the area; 1 (b) After adoption or approval, as appropriate, by the department 2 of an applicable master program, only when the development proposed 3 is consistent with the applicable master program and this chapter.

4 (3) The local government shall establish a program, consistent 5 with rules adopted by the department, for the administration and 6 enforcement of the permit system provided in this section. The 7 administration of the system so established shall be performed 8 exclusively by the local government.

9 (4) Except as otherwise specifically provided in subsection (11) 10 of this section, the local government shall require notification of 11 the public of all applications for permits governed by any permit 12 system established pursuant to subsection (3) of this section by 13 ensuring that notice of the application is given by at least one of 14 the following methods:

15 (a) Mailing of the notice to the latest recorded real property 16 owners as shown by the records of the county assessor within at least 17 three hundred feet of the boundary of the property upon which the 18 substantial development is proposed;

(b) Posting of the notice in a conspicuous manner on the propertyupon which the project is to be constructed; or

(c) Any other manner deemed appropriate by local authorities to accomplish the objectives of reasonable notice to adjacent landowners and the public.

The notices shall include a statement that any person desiring to 24 25 submit written comments concerning an application, or desiring to receive notification of the final decision concerning an application 26 as expeditiously as possible after the issuance of the decision, may 27 submit the comments or requests for decisions to the local government 28 within thirty days of the last date the notice is to be published 29 pursuant to this subsection. The local government shall forward, in a 30 31 timely manner following the issuance of a decision, a copy of the 32 decision to each person who submits a request for the decision.

If a hearing is to be held on an application, notices of such a hearing shall include a statement that any person may submit oral or written comments on an application at the hearing.

36 (5) The system shall include provisions to assure that 37 construction pursuant to a permit will not begin or be authorized 38 until twenty-one days from the date the permit decision was filed as 39 provided in subsection (6) of this section; or until all review 40 proceedings are terminated if the proceedings were initiated within

1 twenty-one days from the date of filing as defined in subsection (6)
2 of this section except as follows:

3 (a) In the case of any permit issued to the state of Washington, 4 department of transportation, for the construction and modification 5 of SR 90 (I-90) on or adjacent to Lake Washington, the construction 6 may begin after thirty days from the date of filing, and the permits 7 are valid until December 31, 1995;

(b) (i) In the case of any permit or decision to issue any permit 8 to the state of Washington, department of transportation, for the 9 replacement of the floating bridge and landings of the state route 10 11 number 520 Evergreen Point bridge on or adjacent to Lake Washington, the construction may begin twenty-one days from the date of filing. 12 Any substantial development permit granted for the floating bridge 13 and landings is deemed to have been granted on the date that the 14 local government's decision to grant the permit is issued. This 15 16 authorization to construct is limited to only those elements of the 17 floating bridge and landings that do not preclude the department of transportation's selection of a four-lane alternative for state route 18 19 number 520 between Interstate 5 and Medina. Additionally, the Washington state department of transportation shall not engage in or 20 contract for any construction on any portion of state route number 21 22 520 between Interstate 5 and the western landing of the floating bridge until the legislature has authorized the imposition of tolls 23 on the Interstate 90 floating bridge and/or other funding sufficient 24 25 to complete construction of the state route number 520 bridge replacement and HOV program. For the purposes of this subsection 26 (5) (b), the "western landing of the floating bridge" means the least 27 amount of new construction necessary to connect the new floating 28 bridge to the existing state route number 520 and anchor the west end 29 of the new floating bridge; 30

(ii) Nothing in this subsection (5)(b) precludes the shorelines hearings board from concluding that the project or any element of the project is inconsistent with the goals and policies of the shoreline management act or the local shoreline master program;

(iii) This subsection (5)(b) applies retroactively to any appeals filed after January 1, 2012, and to any appeals filed on or after March 23, 2012, and expires June 30, 2014;

38 (c)(i) In the case of permits for projects addressing significant 39 public safety risks, as defined by the department of transportation, 40 it is not in the public interest to delay construction until all

1 review proceedings are terminated. In the case of any permit issued under this chapter or decision to issue any permit under this chapter 2 for a transportation project of the Washington state department of 3 transportation, construction may begin twenty-one days after the date 4 of filing if all components of the project achieve a no net loss of 5 6 shoreline ecological functions, as defined by department guidelines adopted pursuant to RCW 90.58.060 and as determined through the 7 following process: 8

9 (A) The department of transportation, as part of the permit 10 review process, must provide the local government with an assessment 11 of how the project affects shoreline ecological functions. The 12 assessment must include specific actions for avoiding, minimizing, 13 and mitigating impacts to shoreline ecological functions, developed 14 in consultation with the department, that ensure there is no net loss 15 of shoreline ecological functions; and

16 (B) The local government, after reviewing the assessment required 17 in (c)(i)(A) of this subsection and prior to the final issuance of 18 all appropriate shoreline permits and variances, must determine that 19 the project will result in no net loss of shoreline ecological 20 functions.

(ii) Nothing in this subsection (5)(c) precludes the shorelines hearings board from concluding that the shoreline project or any element of the project is inconsistent with this chapter, the local shoreline master program, chapter 43.21C RCW and its implementing regulations, or the applicable shoreline regulations.

(iii) This subsection (5)(c) does not apply to permit decisions for the replacement of the floating bridge and landings of the state route number 520 Evergreen Point bridge on or adjacent to Lake Washington;

(d) Except as authorized in (b) and (c) of this subsection, 30 31 construction may be commenced no sooner than thirty days after the 32 date of the appeal of the board's decision is filed if a permit is granted by the local government and (i) the granting of the permit is 33 appealed to the shorelines hearings board within twenty-one days of 34 the date of filing, (ii) the hearings board approves the granting of 35 36 the permit by the local government or approves a portion of the substantial development for which the local government issued the 37 permit, and (iii) an appeal for judicial review of the hearings board 38 39 decision is filed pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW. The appellant may request, within ten days of the filing of the appeal with the court, 40

a hearing before the court to determine whether construction pursuant 1 2 to the permit approved by the hearings board or to a revised permit issued pursuant to the order of the hearings board should not 3 commence. If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the court finds that 4 construction pursuant to such a permit would involve a significant, 5 6 irreversible damaging of the environment, the court shall prohibit 7 the permittee from commencing the construction pursuant to the approved or revised permit until all review proceedings are final. 8 Construction pursuant to a permit revised at the direction of the 9 hearings board may begin only on that portion of the substantial 10 11 development for which the local government had originally issued the 12 permit, and construction pursuant to such a revised permit on other portions of the substantial development may not begin until after all 13 14 review proceedings are terminated. In such a hearing before the court, the burden of proving whether the construction may involve 15 16 significant irreversible damage to the environment and demonstrating 17 whether such construction would or would not be appropriate is on the 18 appellant;

(e) Except as authorized in (b) and (c) of this subsection, if the permit is for a substantial development meeting the requirements of subsection (11) of this section, construction pursuant to that permit may not begin or be authorized until twenty-one days from the date the permit decision was filed as provided in subsection (6) of this section.

25 If a permittee begins construction pursuant to (a), (b), (c), 26 (d), or (e) of this subsection, the construction is begun at the permittee's own risk. If, as a result of judicial review, the courts 27 order the removal of any portion of the construction or the 28 29 restoration of any portion of the environment involved or require the alteration of any portion of a substantial development constructed 30 31 pursuant to a permit, the permittee is barred from recovering damages or costs involved in adhering to such requirements from the local 32 government that granted the permit, the hearings board, or any 33 appellant or intervener. 34

(6) Any decision on an application for a permit under the authority of this section, whether it is an approval or a denial, shall, concurrently with the transmittal of the ruling to the applicant, be filed with the department and the attorney general. This shall be accomplished by return receipt requested mail. A

1 petition for review of such a decision must be commenced within 2 twenty-one days from the date of filing of the decision.

3 (a) With regard to a permit other than a permit governed by 4 subsection (10) of this section, "date of filing" as used in this 5 section refers to the date of actual receipt by the department of the 6 local government's decision.

7 (b) With regard to a permit for a variance or a conditional use 8 governed by subsection (10) of this section, "date of filing" means 9 the date the decision of the department is transmitted by the 10 department to the local government.

11 (c) When a local government simultaneously transmits to the 12 department its decision on a shoreline substantial development with 13 its approval of either a shoreline conditional use permit or 14 variance, or both, "date of filing" has the same meaning as defined 15 in (b) of this subsection.

(d) The department shall notify in writing the local government and the applicant of the date of filing by telephone or electronic means, followed by written communication as necessary, to ensure that the applicant has received the full written decision.

(7) Applicants for permits under this section have the burden of proving that a proposed substantial development is consistent with the criteria that must be met before a permit is granted. In any review of the granting or denial of an application for a permit as provided in RCW 90.58.180 (1) and (2), the person requesting the review has the burden of proof.

(8) Any permit may, after a hearing with adequate notice to the 26 permittee and the public, be rescinded by the issuing authority upon 27 28 the finding that a permittee has not complied with conditions of a permit. If the department is of the opinion that noncompliance 29 exists, the department shall provide written notice to the local 30 31 government and the permittee. If the department is of the opinion that the noncompliance continues to exist thirty days after the date 32 of the notice, and the local government has taken no action to 33 rescind the permit, the department may petition the hearings board 34 for a rescission of the permit upon written notice of the petition to 35 36 the local government and the permittee if the request by the department is made to the hearings board within fifteen days of the 37 38 termination of the thirty-day notice to the local government.

1 (9) The holder of a certification from the governor pursuant to 2 chapter 80.50 RCW shall not be required to obtain a permit under this 3 section.

4 (10) Any permit for a variance or a conditional use issued with 5 approval by a local government under their approved master program 6 must be submitted to the department for its approval or disapproval.

7 (11)(a) An application for a substantial development permit for a 8 limited utility extension or for the construction of a bulkhead or 9 other measures to protect a single-family residence and its 10 appurtenant structures from shoreline erosion shall be subject to the 11 following procedures:

(i) The public comment period under subsection (4) of this section shall be twenty days. The notice provided under subsection (4) of this section shall state the manner in which the public may obtain a copy of the local government decision on the application no later than two days following its issuance;

(ii) The local government shall issue its decision to grant or deny the permit within twenty-one days of the last day of the comment period specified in (a)(i) of this subsection; and

(iii) If there is an appeal of the decision to grant or deny the permit to the local government legislative authority, the appeal shall be finally determined by the legislative authority within thirty days.

(b) For purposes of this section, a limited utility extension means the extension of a utility service that:

(i) Is categorically exempt under chapter 43.21C RCW for one or more of the following: Natural gas, electricity, telephone, water, or sewer;

29 (ii) Will serve an existing use in compliance with this chapter; 30 and

31 (iii) Will not extend more than twenty-five hundred linear feet 32 within the shorelines of the state.

(12) A permit under this section is not required in order to 33 dispose of dredged materials at a ((disposal)): (a) Disposal site 34 approved through the cooperative planning process referenced in RCW 35 36 79.105.500, provided the dredged material disposal proponent obtains a valid site use authorization from the dredged material management 37 program office within the department of natural resources; or (b) 38 39 site used for federal navigation channel maintenance and improvement 40 projects and activities.

1 Sec. 2. RCW 90.58.355 and 2020 c 20 s 1506 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 Requirements to obtain a substantial development permit, 4 conditional use permit, variance, letter of exemption, or other 5 review conducted by a local government to implement this chapter do 6 not apply to:

7 (1) Any person conducting a remedial action at a facility pursuant to a consent decree, order, or agreed order issued pursuant 8 to chapter 70A.305 RCW, or to the department of ecology when it 9 conducts a remedial action under chapter 70A.305 RCW. The department 10 11 must ensure compliance with the substantive requirements of this 12 chapter through the consent decree, order, or agreed order issued pursuant to chapter 70A.305 RCW, or during the department-conducted 13 14 remedial action, through the procedures developed by the department pursuant to RCW 70A.305.090; 15

16 (2) Any person installing site improvements for stormwater 17 treatment in an existing boatyard facility to meet requirements of a 18 national pollutant discharge elimination system stormwater general 19 permit. The department must ensure compliance with the substantive 20 requirements of this chapter through the review of engineering 21 reports, site plans, and other documents related to the installation 22 of boatyard stormwater treatment facilities; $((\Theta r))$

23 (3) The department of transportation projects and activities that 24 meet the conditions of RCW 90.58.356; or

25 <u>(4) Federal navigation channel maintenance and improvement</u> 26 projects and activities.

27 Sec. 3. RCW 90.58.356 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 15 s 10 are each 28 amended to read as follows:

(1) ((For purposes of this section, the following definitions
 apply:)) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

32 (a) "Maintenance" means the preservation of the transportation 33 facility, including surface, shoulders, roadsides, structures, and 34 such traffic control devices as are necessary for safe and efficient 35 utilization of the highway in a manner that substantially conforms to 36 the preexisting design, function, and location as the original except 37 to meet current engineering standards or environmental permit 38 requirements.

1 (b) "Repair" means to restore a structure or development to a state comparable to its original condition including, but not limited 2 to, restoring the development's size, shape, configuration, location, 3 and external appearance, within a reasonable period after decay or 4 partial destruction. Repair of a structure or development may not 5 6 cause substantial adverse effects to shoreline resources or the shoreline environment. Replacement of a structure or development may 7 be considered a repair if: Replacement is the common method of repair 8 for the type of structure or development; the replacement structure 9 or development is comparable to the original structure or development 10 11 including, but not limited to, the size, shape, configuration, 12 location, and external appearance of the original structure or development; and the replacement does not cause substantial adverse 13 effects to shoreline resources or the shoreline environment. 14

(c) "Replacement" of any existing transportation facility means to replace in a manner that substantially conforms to the preexisting design, function, and location as the original except to meet current engineering standards or environmental permit requirements. Maintenance or replacement activities do not involve expansion of automobile lanes, and do not result in significant negative shoreline impact.

(2) The following department of transportation projects and activities do not require a substantial development permit, conditional use permit, variance, letter of exemption, or other review conducted by a local government:

26 (a) Maintenance, repair, or replacement that occurs within the roadway prism of a state highway as defined in RCW 46.04.560, the 27 28 lease or ownership area of a state ferry terminal, <u>federal navigation</u> channel maintenance and improvement projects and activities, 29 including the dredged material management plan, or the lease or 30 31 ownership area of a transit facility, including ancillary transportation facilities such as pedestrian paths, bicycle paths, or 32 33 both, and bike lanes;

34 (b) Construction or installation of safety structures and 35 equipment, including pavement marking, freeway surveillance and 36 control systems, railroad protective devices not including grade 37 separated crossings, grooving, glare screen, safety barriers, energy 38 attenuators, and hazardous or dangerous tree removal;

(c) Maintenance occurring within the right-of-way; or

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1 (d) Construction undertaken in response to unforeseen, 2 extraordinary circumstances that is necessary to prevent a decline, 3 lapse, or cessation of service from a lawfully established 4 transportation facility.

5 (3) The department of transportation must provide written 6 notification of projects and activities authorized under this section 7 with a cost in excess of one million dollars before the design or 8 plan is finalized to all agencies with jurisdiction, agencies with 9 facilities or services that may be impacted, and adjacent property 10 owners.

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