
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5127

State of Washington

64th Legislature

2015 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Angel, Roach, and O'Ban)

1 AN ACT Relating to revising a property tax exemption for veterans
2 with total disability ratings and their surviving spouses or domestic
3 partners; amending RCW 84.36.381; and creating new sections.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) This section is the tax preference
6 performance statement for the tax preference in section 2 of this
7 act. This performance statement is only intended to be used for
8 subsequent evaluation of the tax preference. It is not intended to
9 create a private right of action by any party or to determine
10 eligibility for preferential tax treatment.

11 (2) The legislature categorizes this tax preference as one
12 intended to provide tax relief for certain individuals, as indicated
13 in RCW 82.32.808(2)(e).

14 (3) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to
15 provide more extensive property tax relief to veterans with total
16 disability ratings and their surviving spouses or domestic partners
17 to properly recognize their sacrifice on behalf of the nation and to
18 enable them to remain in their residences, thus reducing homelessness
19 and demand for services in state veterans' homes.

20 (4) To measure the effectiveness of this act in achieving the
21 objective in subsection (3) of this section, the joint legislative

1 audit and review committee must provide a report to the legislature
2 by December 1, 2020, assessing the impact of the tax preference in
3 reducing homelessness and demand for services in state veterans'
4 homes among veterans with total disability ratings and their
5 surviving spouses or domestic partners.

6 **Sec. 2.** RCW 84.36.381 and 2012 c 10 s 73 are each amended to
7 read as follows:

8 A person is exempt from any legal obligation to pay all or a
9 portion of the amount of excess and regular real property taxes due
10 and payable in the year following the year in which a claim is filed,
11 and thereafter, in accordance with the following:

12 (1) The property taxes must have been imposed upon a residence
13 which was occupied by the person claiming the exemption as a
14 principal place of residence as of the time of filing. However, any
15 person who sells, transfers, or is displaced from his or her
16 residence may transfer his or her exemption status to a replacement
17 residence, but no claimant may receive an exemption on more than one
18 residence in any year. Moreover, confinement of the person to a
19 hospital, nursing home, assisted living facility, or adult family
20 home does not disqualify the claim of exemption if:

21 (a) The residence is temporarily unoccupied;

22 (b) The residence is occupied by a spouse or a domestic partner
23 and/or a person financially dependent on the claimant for support; or

24 (c) The residence is rented for the purpose of paying nursing
25 home, hospital, assisted living facility, or adult family home costs;

26 (2) The person claiming the exemption must have owned, at the
27 time of filing, in fee, as a life estate, or by contract purchase,
28 the residence on which the property taxes have been imposed or if the
29 person claiming the exemption lives in a cooperative housing
30 association, corporation, or partnership, such person must own a
31 share therein representing the unit or portion of the structure in
32 which he or she resides. For purposes of this subsection, a residence
33 owned by a marital community or state registered domestic partnership
34 or owned by cotenants is deemed to be owned by each spouse or each
35 domestic partner or each cotenant, and any lease for life is deemed a
36 life estate;

37 (3)((~~a~~)) The person claiming the exemption must be:

38 ((~~i~~)) (a) Sixty-one years of age or older on December 31st of
39 the year in which the exemption claim is filed, or must have been, at

1 the time of filing, retired from regular gainful employment by reason
2 of disability, or the surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner
3 of a person who was receiving an exemption under this subsection at
4 the time of the person's death if the surviving spouse or domestic
5 partner is fifty-seven years of age or older and otherwise meets the
6 requirements of this section; or

7 ((~~(ii)~~)) (b) A veteran of the armed forces of the United States
8 entitled to and receiving compensation from the United States
9 department of veterans affairs at a total disability rating for a
10 service-connected disability((-

11 ~~(b) However, any surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner~~
12 ~~of a person who was receiving an exemption at the time of the~~
13 ~~person's death will qualify if the surviving spouse or surviving~~
14 ~~domestic partner is fifty seven years of age or older and otherwise~~
15 ~~meets the requirements of this section)), or the surviving spouse or
16 surviving domestic partner of a person who was receiving an exemption
17 under this subsection at the time of the person's death if the
18 surviving spouse or domestic partner is fifty-seven years of age or
19 older. Those who qualify under this subsection (3)(b) are exempt from
20 all regular and excess property taxes on a residence that meets the
21 requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section;~~

22 (4) The amount that ((the)) a person qualifying under subsection
23 (3)(a) of this section is exempt from an obligation to pay is
24 calculated on the basis of combined disposable income, as defined in
25 RCW 84.36.383. If the person claiming the exemption was retired for
26 two months or more of the assessment year, the combined disposable
27 income of such person must be calculated by multiplying the average
28 monthly combined disposable income of such person during the months
29 such person was retired by twelve. If the income of the person
30 claiming exemption is reduced for two or more months of the
31 assessment year by reason of the death of the person's spouse or the
32 person's domestic partner, or when other substantial changes occur in
33 disposable income that are likely to continue for an indefinite
34 period of time, the combined disposable income of such person must be
35 calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable
36 income of such person after such occurrences by twelve. If it is
37 necessary to estimate income to comply with this subsection, the
38 assessor may require confirming documentation of such income prior to
39 May 31 of the year following application;

1 (5)(a) A person under subsection (3)(a) of this section who
2 otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable
3 income of thirty-five thousand dollars or less is exempt from all
4 excess property taxes; and

5 (b)(i) A person under subsection (3)(a) of this section who
6 otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable
7 income of thirty thousand dollars or less but greater than twenty-
8 five thousand dollars is exempt from all regular property taxes on
9 the greater of fifty thousand dollars or thirty-five percent of the
10 valuation of his or her residence, but not to exceed seventy thousand
11 dollars of the valuation of his or her residence; or

12 (ii) A person under subsection (3)(a) of this section who
13 otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable
14 income of twenty-five thousand dollars or less is exempt from all
15 regular property taxes on the greater of sixty thousand dollars or
16 sixty percent of the valuation of his or her residence;

17 (6)(a) For a person under subsection (3)(a) of this section who
18 otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable
19 income of thirty-five thousand dollars or less, the valuation of the
20 residence is the assessed value of the residence on the later of
21 January 1, 1995, or January 1st of the assessment year the person
22 first qualifies under this section. If the person subsequently fails
23 to qualify under this section only for one year because of high
24 income, this same valuation must be used upon requalification. If the
25 person fails to qualify for more than one year in succession because
26 of high income or fails to qualify for any other reason, the
27 valuation upon requalification is the assessed value on January 1st
28 of the assessment year in which the person requalifies. If the person
29 transfers the exemption under this section to a different residence,
30 the valuation of the different residence is the assessed value of the
31 different residence on January 1st of the assessment year in which
32 the person transfers the exemption.

33 (b) In no event may the valuation under this subsection be
34 greater than the true and fair value of the residence on January 1st
35 of the assessment year.

36 (c) This subsection does not apply to subsequent improvements to
37 the property in the year in which the improvements are made.
38 Subsequent improvements to the property must be added to the value
39 otherwise determined under this subsection at their true and fair
40 value in the year in which they are made.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** This act is not subject to the expiration
2 date requirements provided in RCW 82.32.805.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** This act applies to the taxes levied for
4 collection in 2016 and thereafter.

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