SENATE BILL 5790

State of Washington

67th Legislature

2022 Regular Session

By Senator Braun

- AN ACT Relating to strengthening critical community support services for individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities; amending RCW 74.29.020, 74.29.037, 74.29.050, 74.29.080, and 28A.155.220; reenacting and amending RCW 74.29.010; adding a new section to chapter 71A.12 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 74.29 RCW.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 71A.12 9 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) For the year beginning July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023:
- 11 (a) The contracted base rates paid to individual supported 12 employment providers shall be no less than \$101.19;
- 13 (b) The contracted base rates paid to group supported employment 14 providers shall be no less than \$76.61; and
- 15 (c) The contracted base rates paid to community inclusion 16 providers shall be no less than \$43.17.
- 17 (2) Beginning July 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, the 18 contracted rates paid to individual and group supported employment 19 and community inclusion providers shall be adjusted for inflation 20 using the western region consumer price index for urban consumers as 21 reported by the United States bureau of labor statistics.

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- Sec. 2. RCW 74.29.010 and 2010 c 94 s 26 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) "Independence" means a reasonable degree of restoration from dependency upon others to self-direction and greater control over circumstances of one's life for personal needs and care and includes but is not limited to the ability to live in one's home.
 - (2) "Individual with disabilities" means an individual:

- (a) Who has a physical, mental, or sensory disability, which requires vocational rehabilitation services to prepare for, enter into, engage in, retain, or engage in and retain gainful employment consistent with his or her capacities and abilities; or
- (b) Who has a physical, mental, or sensory impairment whose ability to function independently in the family or community or whose ability to obtain, maintain, or advance in employment is substantially limited and for whom the delivery of vocational rehabilitation or independent living services will improve the ability to function, continue functioning, or move towards functioning independently in the family or community or to continue in employment.
- 20 (3) "Individual with severe disabilities" means an individual 21 with disabilities:
 - (a) Who has a physical, mental, or sensory impairment that seriously limits one or more functional capacities, such as mobility, communication, self-care, self-direction, interpersonal skills, work tolerance, or work skills, in terms of employment outcome, and/or independence and participation in family or community life;
 - (b) Whose rehabilitation can be expected to require multiple rehabilitation services over an extended period of time; and
 - (c) Who has one or more physical, mental, or sensory disabilities resulting from amputation, arthritis, autism, blindness, burn injury, cancer, cerebral palsy, cystic fibrosis, deafness, head injury, heart disease, hemiplegia, hemophilia, respiratory or pulmonary dysfunction, intellectual disability, mental illness, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, musculoskeletal disorders, neurological disorders (including stroke and epilepsy), paraplegia, quadriplegia, other spinal cord conditions, sickle cell anemia, specific learning disability, end-stage renal disease, or another disability or combination of disabilities determined on the basis of an assessment for determining eligibility and rehabilitation needs to cause comparable substantial functional limitation.

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(4) "Job support services" means ongoing goods and services provided after vocational rehabilitation, subject to available funds, that support an individual with severe disabilities in employment. Such services include, but are not limited to, extraordinary supervision or job coaching.

- (5) "Physical, mental, or sensory disability" means a physical, mental, or sensory condition which materially limits, contributes to limiting or, if not corrected or accommodated, will probably result in limiting an individual's activities or functioning.
- (6) "Rehabilitation services" means goods or services provided to: (a) Determine eligibility and rehabilitation needs of individuals with disabilities, and/or (b) enable individuals with disabilities to attain or retain employment and/or independence, and/or (c) contribute substantially to the rehabilitation of a group of individuals with disabilities. To the extent federal funds are available, goods and services may include, but are not limited to, the establishment, construction, development, operation and maintenance of community rehabilitation programs and independent living centers, as well as special demonstration projects.
- 20 (7) "((State agency)) Department" means the department of social and health services.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 74.29.020 and 1993 c 213 s 3 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
 - Subject to available funds, and consistent with federal law and regulations the ((state agency)) department shall:
 - (1) Develop statewide rehabilitation programs;
 - (2) Provide vocational rehabilitation services, independent living services, and/or job support services to individuals with disabilities or severe disabilities;
 - (3) Disburse all funds provided by law and may receive, accept and disburse such gifts, grants, conveyances, devises and bequests of real and personal property from public or private sources, as may be made from time to time, in trust or otherwise, whenever the terms and conditions thereof will aid in carrying out rehabilitation services as specified by law and the regulations of the ((state agency)) department; and may sell, lease or exchange real or personal property according to the terms and conditions thereof. Any money so received shall be deposited in the state treasury for investment, reinvestment

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- or expenditure in accordance with the conditions of its receipt and RCW 43.88.180;
- 3 (4) Appoint and fix the compensation and prescribe the duties, of 4 the personnel necessary for the administration of this chapter, 5 unless otherwise provided by law;
- 6 (5) Make exploratory studies, do reviews, and research relative 7 to rehabilitation;
- 8 (6) Coordinate with the state rehabilitation advisory council and 9 the state independent living advisory council on the administration 10 of the programs;
- 11 (7) Report to the governor and to the legislature on the 12 administration of this chapter, as requested; and
- 13 (8) Adopt rules, in accord with chapter 34.05 RCW, necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- 15 **Sec. 4.** RCW 74.29.037 and 1993 c 213 s 6 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- The ((state agency)) department may establish cooperative agreements with other state and local agencies.
- 19 **Sec. 5.** RCW 74.29.050 and 1969 ex.s. c 223 s 28A.10.050 are each 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 The state of Washington does hereby:

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- 22 (1) Accept the provisions and maximum possible benefits resulting 23 from any acts of congress which provide benefits for the purposes of 24 this chapter;
 - (2) Designate the state treasurer as custodian of all moneys received by the state from appropriations made by the congress of the United States for purposes of this chapter, and authorize the state treasurer to make disbursements therefrom upon the order of the ((state agency)) department; and
- 30 (3) Empower and direct the ((state agency)) department to 31 cooperate with the federal government in carrying out the provisions 32 of this chapter or of any federal law or regulation pertaining to 33 vocational rehabilitation, and to comply with such conditions as may 34 be necessary to assure the maximum possible benefits resulting from 35 any such federal law or regulation.
- 36 **Sec. 6.** RCW 74.29.080 and 1993 c 213 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

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(1) Determination of eligibility and need for rehabilitation services and determination of eligibility for job support services shall be made by the ((state agency)) department for each individual according to its established rules, policies, procedures, and standards.

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- (2) The ((state agency)) department may purchase, from any source, rehabilitation services and job support services for individuals with disabilities, subject to the individual's income or other resources that are available to contribute to the cost of such services.
- 11 (3) The ((state agency)) department shall maintain registers of 12 individuals and organizations which meet required standards and 13 qualify to provide rehabilitation services and job support services 14 to individuals with disabilities. Eligibility of such individuals and 15 organizations shall be based upon standards and criteria promulgated 16 by the ((state agency)) department.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 74.29
 RCW to read as follows:

The department of social and health services shall:

- (1) Establish a school to work program in all counties in the state to work with all students with intellectual and developmental disabilities who are potentially eligible to receive adult support services from the developmental disabilities administration of the department and are receiving high school transition services in order to connect these students with supported employment services; and
- (2) In collaboration with the office of the superintendent of public instruction, the counties administering supported employment services in collaboration with the developmental disabilities administration of the department, the department of services for the blind, and any other relevant state agency working with students who are potentially eligible for adult support services from the developmental disabilities administration of the department shall:
 - (a) Create a statewide council to:
- (i) Establish common guidelines and outcome goals across regional interagency transition networks to ensure equitable access through system navigation for individuals receiving high school transition services and connection to services after leaving the school system; and

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(ii) Establish a referral and information system that helps students who are potentially eligible for adult support services from the developmental disabilities administration of the department who are transitioning from high school, and their families or guardians, connect to the necessary services and agencies that support the needs of adults with intellectual and developmental disabilities; and

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- (b) Establish regional interagency transition networks as proposed in the 2020 transition collaborative summative report. Each regional network shall include representation from schools, counties, the developmental disabilities administration of the department, the regional division of vocational rehabilitation, service providers, community members, and students and families. The regional networks shall identify improvement goals and report no less than annually on progress or barriers to achieving these goals to the statewide council.
- Sec. 8. RCW 28A.155.220 and 2015 c 217 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction must establish interagency agreements with the department of social and health services, the department of services for the blind, and any other state agency that provides high school transition services for special education students. Such interagency agreements shall not interfere with existing individualized education programs, nor override any individualized education program team's decision-making power. The purpose of the interagency agreements is to foster effective collaboration among the multiple agencies providing transition services for individualized education program-eligible special education students from the beginning of transition planning, as soon as educationally and developmentally appropriate, through age twenty-one, or through high school graduation, whichever occurs first. Interagency agreements are also intended to streamline services and programs, promote efficiencies, and establish a uniform focus on improved outcomes related to self-sufficiency.
 - (2)(a) When educationally and developmentally appropriate, the interagency responsibilities and linkages with transition services under subsection (1) of this section must be addressed in a transition plan to a postsecondary setting in the individualized education program of a student with disabilities.

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(b) Transition planning shall be based upon educationally and developmentally appropriate transition assessments that outline the student's individual needs, strengths, preferences, and interests. Transition assessments may include observations, interviews, inventories, situational assessments, formal and informal assessments, as well as academic assessments.

- (c) The transition services that the transition plan must address include activities needed to assist the student in reaching postsecondary goals and courses of study to support postsecondary goals.
- (d) Transition activities that the transition plan may address include instruction, related services, community experience, employment and other adult living objectives, daily living skills, and functional vocational evaluation.
- (e) When educationally and developmentally appropriate, a discussion must take place with the student and parents, and others as needed, to determine the postsecondary goals or postschool vision for the student. This discussion may be included as part of an annual individualized education program review, high school and beyond plan meeting, or any other meeting that includes parents, students, and educators. The postsecondary goals included in the transition plan shall be goals that are measurable and must be based on appropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment, and independent living skills, when necessary. The goals must also be based on the student's needs, while considering the strengths, preferences, and interests of the student.
- (f) As the student gets older, changes in the transition plan may be noted in the annual update of the student's individualized education program.
- (g) A ((student with disabilities who has a high school and beyond plan may use the plan to comply with the)) transition plan required under this subsection (2) must be aligned with a student's high school and beyond plan.
- (3) To the extent that data is available through data-sharing agreements established by the education data center under RCW 43.41.400, the education data center must monitor the following outcomes for individualized education program-eligible special education students after high school graduation:
- 39 (a) The number of students who, within one year of high school 40 graduation:

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- 1 (i) Enter integrated employment paid at the greater of minimum 2 wage or competitive wage for the type of employment, with access to 3 related employment and health benefits; or
 - (ii) Enter a postsecondary education or training program focused on leading to integrated employment;
 - (b) The wages and number of hours worked per pay period;

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- 7 (c) The impact of employment on any state and federal benefits 8 for individuals with disabilities;
 - (d) Indicators of the types of settings in which students who previously received transition services primarily reside;
 - (e) Indicators of improved economic status and self-sufficiency;
- 12 (f) Data on those students for whom a postsecondary or integrated 13 employment outcome does not occur within one year of high school 14 graduation, including:
- 15 (i) Information on the reasons that the desired outcome has not occurred;
- 17 (ii) The number of months the student has not achieved the 18 desired outcome; and
- 19 (iii) The efforts made to ensure the student achieves the desired 20 outcome.
 - (4) To the extent that the data elements in subsection (3) of this section are available to the education data center through datasharing agreements, the office of the superintendent of public instruction must prepare an annual report using existing resources and submit the report to the legislature.
 - (5) To minimize gaps in services through the transition process, no later than three years before students receiving special education services leave the school system, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall transmit a list of potentially eligible students to the department of social and health services, the counties, the department of services for the blind, and any other state agency working with individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall ensure that consent be obtained prior to the release of this information as required in accordance with state and federal requirements.

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