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SENATE BILL 5983

State of Washington

67th Legislature

2022 Regular Session

By Senators Keiser and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to protecting consumers from untested and unregulated cannabinoid products by expanding agency regulatory authority over cannabinoids that may be impairing, modifying definitions in the uniform controlled substances act, prohibiting the sale of certain cannabinoid products except by licensed cannabis businesses, regulating the use of additives in cannabis products, requiring product testing and disclosures, prohibiting manufacture and sale of artificial cannabinoids, requiring agency rules before the manufacture and sale of synthetically derived cannabinoids, prohibiting artificial cannabinoids and synthetically derived cannabinoids in products labeled as compliant with department of health product standards and available for an existing sales and use tax exemption, and establishing a temporary license fee surcharge on certain licensees of the liquor and cannabis board and enforcing sales of cannabinoid products that may be impairing or are marketed impairing; amending RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.326, 69.50.342, 69.50.363, 69.50.455, 69.50.375, 82.08.9998, 82.12.9998, 70.345.050, 82.24.510, 82.24.530, and 82.26.170; reenacting and amending RCW 69.50.101; adding new sections to chapter 69.50 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing expiration dates.

21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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1 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Due to the evolving nature of new cannabinoids being identified in the plant Cannabis that may be 2 impairing, the legislature finds there is a need to provide consumers 3 legal access to products that have been tested and which meet the 4 5 standards for quality and safety as 6 tetrahydrocannabinol. The legislature further finds there is a need 7 to require labeling, serving size, potency, and ingredient disclosure standards for any impairing cannabinoid product. The legislature 8 further finds there is a need to distinguish cannabinoids derived 9 from natural plants that are prepared for human consumption and the 10 11 more unpredictable artificial cannabinoids created solely through 12 chemical reactions. The legislature further recognizes the need to maintain clarity between plants defined as marijuana and plants 13 defined as hemp. The primary purpose of this act is to authorize the 14 liquor and cannabis board to regulate all cannabinoids that may be 15 16 impairing, regardless of origin, and to direct the board to adopt 17 rules related to cannabinoid products and Cannabis isolates, except 18 those authorized as a drug by the federal food and drug 19 administration.

20 **Sec. 2.** RCW 69.50.101 and 2020 c 133 s 2 and 2020 c 80 s 43 are 21 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

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The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (a) "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to the body of a patient or research subject by:
- (1) a practitioner authorized to prescribe (or, by the practitioner's authorized agent); or
- 29 (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the 30 presence of the practitioner.
 - (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseperson, or employee of the carrier or warehouseperson.
 - (c) "Artificial cannabinoid" means a solely chemically created substance that does not originate from the plant Cannabis but is structurally the same or substantially similar to the molecular structure of any substance derived from the plant Cannabis that may be a cannabinoid receptor agonist and includes, but is not limited

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- 1 to, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that is not
- 2 <u>listed as a controlled substance in Schedules I through V of the</u>
- 3 <u>Washington state controlled substances act. Artificial cannabinoids</u>
- 4 <u>do not include:</u>
- 5 (1) A naturally occurring chemical substance that is separated
- 6 from the plant *Cannabis* by a chemical or mechanical extraction
- 7 process;
- 8 (2) Cannabinoids that are produced by decarboxylation from a
- 9 naturally occurring cannabinoid acid without the use of a chemical
- 10 <u>catalyst; or</u>
- 11 (3) Any other chemical substance resembling in any manner a
- 12 compound found in the plant Cannabis that is identified by the board
- in consultation with the department, by rule.
- 14 (d) "Board" means the Washington state liquor and cannabis board.
- 15 (((d))) <u>(e) "Cannabinoid" means any of the chemical compounds</u>
- 16 that are the active constituents of the plant Cannabis and their
- 17 <u>acids including</u>, but not limited to, tetrahydrocannabinol,
- 18 <u>tetrahydrocanabinolic</u> acid, cannabidiol, cannabidiolic acid,
- 19 <u>cannabinol</u>, <u>cannabigeral</u>, <u>cannabichromence</u>, <u>cannabicyclol</u>,
- 20 <u>cannabivarin</u>, <u>tetrahydrocannabivarin</u>, <u>cannabidivarin</u>,
- 21 cannabichromevarin, cannabigerovarin, cannabigerol monomethyl ether,
- 22 cannabielsoin, and cannabicitran. Cannabinoids do not include
- 23 artificial cannabinoids.
- 24 (f) "Catalyst" means a substance that increases the rate of a
- 25 <u>chemical reaction without itself undergoing any permanent</u> chemical
- 26 change.
- 27 <u>(g)</u> "CBD concentration" has the meaning provided in RCW
- 28 69.51A.010.
- 29 $((\frac{(e)}{(e)}))$ (h) "CBD product" means any product containing or
- 30 consisting of cannabidiol that does not exceed 0.3 percent THC on a
- 31 dry weight basis and that does not contain more than 0.5 milligrams
- 32 per serving or two milligrams total in the packaged product of a
- 33 <u>cannabinoid that may be impairing</u>.
- $((\frac{f}{f}))$ (i) "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance
- 35 commission.
- $((\frac{g}{g}))$ (i) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or
- 37 immediate precursor included in Schedules I through V as set forth in
- 38 federal or state laws, or federal or commission rules, but does not
- 39 include hemp or industrial hemp as defined in RCW 15.140.020.

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- $((\frac{h}{h}))$ $\underline{(k)}$ (1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and:
- 4 (i) that has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on 5 the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, 6 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of 7 a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II; or
 - (ii) with respect to a particular individual, that the individual represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II.
 - (2) The term does not include:
 - (i) a controlled substance;

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- 16 (ii) a substance for which there is an approved new drug 17 application;
 - (iii) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under Section 505 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355, or chapter 69.77 RCW to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption; or
- (iv) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the substance.
- $((\frac{1}{2}))$ <u>(1)</u> "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual or constructive transfer from one person to another of a substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship.
 - (((+i+))) (m) "Department" means the department of health.
- 30 $((\frac{k}{n}))$ (n) "Designated provider" has the meaning provided in RCW 31 69.51A.010.
- (((1))) <u>(o)</u> "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription or order for a controlled substance and, pursuant to that prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or order for delivery.
- $((\frac{m}{p}))$ <u>(p)</u> "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
- $((\frac{n}{n}))$ (q) "Distillate" means an extract from the plant Cannabis where a segment of one or more cannabinoids from an initial

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1 extraction are selectively concentrated through a mechanical or 2 chemical process, or both, with all impurities removed.

- <u>(r)</u> "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
 - (((0))) <u>(s)</u> "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

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- 6 $((\frac{p}{p}))$ <u>(t)</u> "Drug" means (1) a controlled substance recognized as 7 a drug in the official United States pharmacopoeia/national formulary or the official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, or 8 any supplement to them; (2) controlled substances intended for use in 9 the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease 10 11 in individuals or animals; (3) controlled substances (other than 12 food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of individuals or animals; and (4) controlled substances intended for 13 use as a component of any article specified in (1), (2), or (3) of 14 this subsection. The term does not include devices or their 15 16 components, parts, or accessories.
- 17 $((\frac{q}{q}))$ <u>(u)</u> "Drug enforcement administration" means the drug 18 enforcement administration in the United States Department of 19 Justice, or its successor agency.
 - (((x))) <u>(v)</u> "Electronic communication of prescription information" means the transmission of a prescription or refill authorization for a drug of a practitioner using computer systems. The term does not include a prescription or refill authorization verbally transmitted by telephone nor a facsimile manually signed by the practitioner.
 - (((s))) (w) "Extract" means a solid, viscid, or liquid substance extracted from a plant, or the like, containing its essence in concentrated or isolated form.
 - (x) "Extraction" means the process to separate or obtain a solid, viscid, or liquid substance from a plant or parts of a plant, by pressure, distillation, treatment with solvents, or the like.
 - (y) "Immature plant or clone" means a plant or clone that has no flowers, is less than twelve inches in height, and is less than twelve inches in diameter.
 - $((\frac{t}{t}))$ <u>(z)</u> "Immediate precursor" means a substance:
- 36 (1) that the commission has found to be and by rule designates as 37 being the principal compound commonly used, or produced primarily for 38 use, in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
- 39 (2) that is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to 40 be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance; and

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1 (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.

- (((u))) <u>(aa)</u> "Impairing" in relation to a cannabinoid means a psychotropic constituent of the plant cannabis which may diminish a person's cognitive, mental, or physical function or ability. For purposes only of sections 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 of this act, the board may further revise the definition of impairing by rule in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 9 <u>(bb) "Isolate" means extract from the plant Cannabis of 95</u>
 10 percent or more of a single cannabinoid compound.
 - (cc) "Isomer" means an optical isomer, but in subsection $((\frac{(gg)}{(gg)}))$ (oo) (5) of this section, RCW 69.50.204(a) (12) and (34), and 69.50.206(b) (4), the term includes any geometrical isomer; in RCW 69.50.204(a) (8) and (42), and 69.50.210(c) the term includes any positional isomer; and in RCW 69.50.204(a) (35), 69.50.204(c), and 69.50.208(a) the term includes any positional or geometric isomer.
 - $((\frac{(v)}{(v)}))$ (dd) "Lot" means a definite quantity of marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused product identified by a lot number, every portion or package of which is uniform within recognized tolerances for the factors that appear in the labeling.
 - $((\frac{(w)}{(w)}))$ <u>(ee)</u> "Lot number" must identify the licensee by business or trade name and Washington state unified business identifier number, and the date of harvest or processing for each lot of marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused product.
 - $((\frac{(x)}{)})$ (ff) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. The term does not include the preparation, compounding, packaging, repackaging, labeling, or relabeling of a controlled substance:
 - (1) by a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
 - (2) by a practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of, or as an

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1 incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for 2 sale.

- (((y))) (gg) "Marijuana" or "marihuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis((, whether growing or not,)) with a ((THC)) tetrahydrocannabinol concentration ((greater)) of more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant, including concentrated resins, cannabinoids, and the products thereof; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. The term does not include:
 - (1) The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination; or
- (2) Hemp or industrial hemp as defined in RCW 15.140.020((τ)) or seeds used for licensed hemp production under chapter 15.140 RCW_L unless the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration is greater than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis.
- $((\frac{z}{z}))$ (hh) "Marijuana concentrates" means products consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the plant Cannabis ((and having a THC concentration)) containing greater than ten percent total THC such as, but not limited to, kief, live resin, rosin, hash, or bubble hash.
- ((\(\frac{(aa+)}{)}\) (ii) "Marijuana processor" means a person licensed by the board to process marijuana of natural origin, grown by a licensed producer, either directly or indirectly or by extraction from the plant Cannabis as defined in subsection (tt) of this section, unless sourced and used as an additive in accordance with RCW 69.50.326, into marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products, package and label marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products for sale in retail outlets, ((and)) sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana, and marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products at wholesale to marijuana retailers.
- (((bb))) <u>(jj)</u> "Marijuana producer" means a person licensed by the board to produce, prepare, and propagate marijuana directly from a

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natural origin and sell ((marijuana)) at wholesale to marijuana
processors and other marijuana producers.

- (((cc))) <u>(kk)</u> "Marijuana products" means useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products as defined in this section <u>and also includes any product with 0.5 milligrams or more per serving or two milligrams or more per package of a cannabinoid that may be impairing or that is marketed as such.</u>
- (((dd))) (<u>ll)</u> "Marijuana researcher" means a person licensed by the board to produce, process, and possess marijuana for the purposes of conducting research on marijuana and marijuana-derived drug products.
- (((ee))) <u>(mm)</u> "Marijuana retailer" means a person licensed by the board to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products in a retail outlet.
- $((\frac{ff}))$ <u>(nn)</u> "Marijuana-infused products" means products that contain marijuana or marijuana extracts, <u>isolates</u>, <u>or distillates</u>, <u>that</u> are intended for human use, are derived from marijuana as defined in subsection $((\frac{f}{f}))$ <u>(gg)</u> of this section, and $(\frac{f}{f})$ the term "marijuana-infused products" does not include either useable marijuana or marijuana concentrates.
- (((gg))) <u>(oo)</u> "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- (1) Opium, opium derivative, and any derivative of opium or opium derivative, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation. The term does not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
- (2) Synthetic opiate and any derivative of synthetic opiate, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation.
 - (3) Poppy straw and concentrate of poppy straw.
- 37 (4) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves 38 from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives or ecgonine or their 39 salts have been removed.
 - (5) Cocaine, or any salt, isomer, or salt of isomer thereof.

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(6) Cocaine base.

- 2 (7) Ecgonine, or any derivative, salt, isomer, or salt of isomer 3 thereof.
 - (8) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of any substance referred to in (1) through (7) of this subsection.
 - (((hh))) (pp) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. The term includes opium, substances derived from opium (opium derivatives), and synthetic opiates. The term does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under RCW 69.50.201, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). The term includes the racemic and levorotatory forms of dextromethorphan.
- $((\frac{(ii)}{(ii)}))$ $\underline{(qq)}$ "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species 16 Papaver somniferum L., except its seeds.
 - (((jj))) <u>(rr)</u> "Person" means individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal or commercial entity.
 - $((\frac{kk}{s}))$ (ss) "Plant" has the meaning provided in RCW 69.51A.010.
 - (((11))) (tt) "Plant Cannabis" means all plants of the genus Cannabis, including marijuana as defined in subsection (gg) of this section, and hemp as defined in RCW 15.140.020.
 - (uu) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
 - (((mm))) <u>(vv)</u> "Practitioner" means:
 - (1) A physician under chapter 18.71 RCW; a physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW; an osteopathic physician and surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW; an optometrist licensed under chapter 18.53 RCW who is certified by the optometry board under RCW 18.53.010 subject to any limitations in RCW 18.53.010; a dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW; a podiatric physician and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW; a veterinarian under chapter 18.92 RCW; a registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse under chapter 18.79 RCW; a naturopathic physician under chapter 18.36A RCW who is licensed under RCW 18.36A.030 subject to any limitations in RCW 18.36A.040; a pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW or a scientific investigator under this chapter, licensed, registered or otherwise permitted insofar as is consistent with those licensing laws to

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distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer a controlled substance in the course of their professional practice or research in this state.

- (2) A pharmacy, hospital or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.
- (3) A physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery, a physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery, a dentist licensed to practice dentistry, a podiatric physician and surgeon licensed to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, a licensed physician assistant or a licensed osteopathic physician assistant specifically approved to prescribe controlled substances by his or her state's medical commission or equivalent and his or her supervising physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed to prescribe controlled substances, or a veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine in any state of the United States.
- (((nn))) <u>(ww)</u> "Prescription" means an order for controlled substances issued by a practitioner duly authorized by law or rule in the state of Washington to prescribe controlled substances within the scope of his or her professional practice for a legitimate medical purpose.
- ((((++++)))) (xx) "Production" includes the manufacturing, planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.
- $((\frac{\text{(pp)}}{\text{)}})$ "Qualifying patient" has the meaning provided in 27 RCW 69.51A.010.
- $((\frac{qq}))$ (zz) "Recognition card" has the meaning provided in RCW 29 69.51A.010.
- $((\frac{rr}{}))$ <u>(aaa)</u> "Retail outlet" means a location licensed by the board for the retail sale of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products.
- (((ss))) (bbb) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.
- 35 (((tt))) <u>(ccc)</u> "State," unless the context otherwise requires, 36 means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the 37 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory or insular possession 38 subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- (((uu))) <u>(ddd) "Synthetically derived cannabinoid" means any</u> cannabinoid that is altered by a chemical reaction that changes the

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- 1 molecular structure of any natural cannabinoid derived from the plant
 2 Cannabis to another cannabinoid found naturally in the plant
 3 Cannabis.
- 4 (eee) (1) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" includes all
 5 tetrahydrocannabinols that are artificially, synthetically, or
 6 naturally derived, including but not limited to delta-8
 7 tetrahydrocannabinol, delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol, delta-10
 8 tetrahydrocannabinol, THC-Q-Acetate, and the optical isomers of
- 9 <u>tetrahydrocannabiphorol</u>, <u>THC-O-Acetate</u>, and the optical isomers of 10 <u>THC cannabinoids</u>.
- 11 (2) Notwithstanding (1) of this subsection, tetrahydrocannabinol
 12 includes concentrated resins or cannabinoids, and the products
 13 thereof, produced from the plant Cannabis, whether or not the
 14 cannabinoids were derived from a marijuana plant containing a THC
 15 concentration greater than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis.

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- (fff) "THC concentration" means percent of ((delta-9)) tetrahydrocannabinol content per dry weight of any part of the plant Cannabis, or per volume or weight of marijuana product, or the combined percent of ((delta-9)) tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the plant Cannabis regardless of moisture content.
- (((vv))) (ggg) "Total THC" means the sum of the percentage, by
 weight or volume measurement of tetrahydrocannabinolic acid
 multiplied by 0.877, plus, the percentage by weight or volume
 measurement of tetrahydrocannabinol.
 - (hhh) "Ultimate user" means an individual who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for the individual's own use or for the use of a member of the individual's household or for administering to an animal owned by the individual or by a member of the individual's household.
- 31 (((ww))) <u>(iii)</u> "Useable marijuana" means dried marijuana flowers.
 32 The term "useable marijuana" does not include either marijuana33 infused products or marijuana concentrates.
 - (((xx))) (jjj) "Youth access" means the level of interest persons under the age of twenty-one may have in a vapor product, as well as the degree to which the product is available or appealing to such persons, and the likelihood of initiation, use, or addiction by adolescents and young adults.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:

- (a) Products containing or consisting of cannabinoids produced and processed for any type of consumption into a human body, whether marketed as such or not, exceeding 0.3 percent THC on a dry weight basis, that contains more than 0.5 milligrams per serving or two milligrams total in the packaged product of a cannabinoid that may be impairing, may only be sold by a marijuana producer, marijuana processor, or marijuana retailer licensed by the board unless authorized as a drug by the federal food and drug administration.
- (b) All products containing cannabinoids described in subsection (a) of this section, or cannabinoid products marketed as having impairing effects, are within the scope of regulatory authority of the board under this chapter, except those authorized as a drug by the federal food and drug administration.
- (c) Sale of products identified in subsection (a) of this section is prohibited unless conducted by a business holding a valid marijuana producer, marijuana processor, or marijuana retailer license issued by the board.
- (d) Products meeting any of the criteria identified in this subsection may only be sold if such a sale is in compliance with rules adopted by the board after the board has consulted with the department of health and the department of agriculture. Products subject to this requirement are:
 - (1) Products containing cannabinoids that may be impairing;
- (2) Products that contain greater than 0.3 percent THC on a dry weight basis; and
- (3) Products that contain 0.5 or more milligrams per serving or two or more milligrams total in the packaged product of any cannabinoid that may be impairing.
- 31 (e) Products identified in subsection (d) of this section may not 32 be sold to persons under 21 years of age, except for those in 33 compliance with provisions of chapter 69.51A RCW.
 - (f) The requirement provided in subsection (d) of this section does not apply to delta-9 THC products approved by the board prior to January 1, 2022.
- 37 (g) Cannabis health and beauty aids compliant with RCW 69.50.575 38 are not subject to the provisions of subsections (a) through (d) of 39 this section.

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- 1 (h) Manufacturing and sales of artificial cannabinoids is 2 prohibited.
- 3 (i) This section does not apply to unadulterated hemp flower that 4 is not further processed into extracts, infused products, or 5 concentrates.
- 6 **Sec. 4.** RCW 69.50.325 and 2020 c 236 s 6 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

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- (1) There shall be a marijuana producer's license regulated by the board and subject to annual renewal. The licensee is authorized to produce, prepare, and propagate marijuana grown from seeds or clones of natural origin: (a) Marijuana for sale at wholesale to marijuana processors and other marijuana producers; (b) immature plants or clones and seeds for sale to cooperatives as described under RCW 69.51A.250; and (c) immature plants or clones and seeds for sale to qualifying patients and designated providers as provided under RCW 69.51A.310. The production, possession, delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted to implement and enforce it, by a validly licensed marijuana producer, shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana producer's license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, shall specify the location at which the marijuana producer intends to operate, which must be within the state of Washington, and the holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license. The application fee for a marijuana producer's license shall be two hundred fifty dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana producer's license shall be one thousand three hundred eighty-one dollars. A separate license shall be required for each location at which a marijuana producer intends to produce marijuana.
 - (2) There shall be a marijuana processor's license to process marijuana, from the plant Cannabis of natural origin and grown by a licensed producer, unless sourced and used as an additive in accordance with RCW 69.50.326, and compound or convert marijuana products from marijuana grown by a licensed marijuana producer as specified by the board by rule, and prepare, package, and label marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products, which contain greater than 0.5 milligrams per serving of a cannabinoid that may be impairing, for sale at wholesale to marijuana processors and marijuana retailers, regulated by the board and

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1 subject to annual renewal. The processing, packaging, possession, delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana, useable marijuana, 2 marijuana-infused products, and marijuana concentrates in accordance 3 with the provisions of this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW and the 4 rules adopted to implement and enforce these chapters, by a validly 5 6 licensed marijuana processor, shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana processor's 7 license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, shall specify 8 the location at which the licensee intends to operate, which must be 9 within the state of Washington, and the holder thereof shall not 10 11 allow any other person to use the license. The application fee for a 12 marijuana processor's license shall be two hundred fifty dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana processor's 13 license shall be one thousand three hundred eighty-one dollars. A 14 separate license shall be required for each location at which a 15 16 marijuana processor intends to process marijuana.

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(3) (a) There shall be a marijuana retailer's license to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products, and other products containing greater than 0.5 milligrams per serving of a cannabinoid that may be impairing at retail in retail outlets, regulated by the board and subject to annual renewal. The possession, delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted implement and enforce it, by a validly licensed marijuana retailer, shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana retailer's license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, shall specify the location of the retail outlet the licensee intends to operate, which must be within the state of Washington, and the holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license. The application fee for a marijuana retailer's license shall be two hundred fifty dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana retailer's license shall be one thousand three hundred eighty-one dollars. A separate license shall be required for each location at which a marijuana retailer intends to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products.

(b) An individual retail licensee and all other persons or entities with a financial or other ownership interest in the business

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operating under the license are limited, in the aggregate, to holding a collective total of not more than five retail marijuana licenses.

- (c)(i) A marijuana retailer's license is subject to forfeiture in accordance with rules adopted by the board pursuant to this section.
- (ii) The board shall adopt rules to establish a license forfeiture process for a licensed marijuana retailer that is not fully operational and open to the public within a specified period from the date of license issuance, as established by the board, subject to the following restrictions:
- (A) No marijuana retailer's license may be subject to forfeiture within the first nine months of license issuance; and
- (B) The board must require license forfeiture on or before twenty-four calendar months of license issuance if a marijuana retailer is not fully operational and open to the public, unless the board determines that circumstances out of the licensee's control are preventing the licensee from becoming fully operational and that, in the board's discretion, the circumstances warrant extending the forfeiture period beyond twenty-four calendar months.
- 19 (iii) The board has discretion in adopting rules under this 20 subsection (3)(c).
 - (iv) This subsection (3)(c) applies to marijuana retailer's licenses issued before and after July 23, 2017. However, no license of a marijuana retailer that otherwise meets the conditions for license forfeiture established pursuant to this subsection (3)(c) may be subject to forfeiture within the first nine calendar months of July 23, 2017.
 - (v) The board may not require license forfeiture if the licensee has been incapable of opening a fully operational retail marijuana business due to actions by the city, town, or county with jurisdiction over the licensee that include any of the following:
- 31 (A) The adoption of a ban or moratorium that prohibits the 32 opening of a retail marijuana business; or
 - (B) The adoption of an ordinance or regulation related to zoning, business licensing, land use, or other regulatory measure that has the effect of preventing a licensee from receiving an occupancy permit from the jurisdiction or which otherwise prevents a licensed marijuana retailer from becoming operational.
- 38 (d) The board may issue marijuana retailer licenses pursuant to 39 this chapter and RCW 69.50.335.

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Sec. 5. RCW 69.50.326 and 2018 c 132 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) Licensed marijuana producers and licensed marijuana processors may use ((a)) CBD ((product)), other nonimpairing cannabinoids, or nonimpairing plant Cannabis isolates as ((an)) additives for the purpose of enhancing the ((cannabidiol)) nonimpairing cannabinoid concentration of any product authorized for production, processing, and sale under this chapter. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, such ((CBD product additives)) cannabinoid products or isolates must be lawfully produced by a licensed marijuana producer, or purchased from((τ)) a producer or processor licensed under this chapter.
- (2) Subject to the requirements set forth in (a) ((and (b))) through (d) of this subsection, and for the sole purpose of enhancing the ((cannabidiol)) nonimpairing cannabinoid concentration of any product authorized for production, processing, or sale under this chapter, licensed marijuana producers and licensed marijuana processors may use a CBD or other nonimpairing cannabinoid product obtained from a source not licensed under this chapter, provided the CBD or other nonimpairing cannabinoid product:
- (a) Has a THC level of 0.3 percent or less on a dry weight basis and does not contain greater than 0.5 milligrams per serving of any cannabinoid that may be impairing; ((and))
- (b) Has ((been tested for)) passed pesticide, heavy metals, contaminants, and toxins testing by a testing laboratory accredited under this chapter and in accordance with testing standards established under this chapter and the applicable administrative rules;
- (c) Is accompanied by a disclosure statement describing production methods including, but not limited to, solvent use, catalyst use, and synthesis methods; and
- (d) Is only added to a product authorized for production, processing, or sale under this chapter, and is not further processed or converted into a substance that may be impairing.
- (3) Subject to the requirements of this subsection (3), the ((liquor and cannabis)) board may enact rules necessary to implement the requirements of this section. Such rule making ((is limited to)) includes regulations pertaining to laboratory testing and product safety standards for ((those)) naturally and synthetically derived cannabidiol or other nonimpairing cannabinoid products used by

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1 licensed producers and processors in the manufacture of marijuana products marketed by licensed retailers under this chapter ((69.50 2 3 RCW)). Any synthetically derived cannabinoid used by licensed producers and processors in the manufacture of marijuana products 4 marketed by licensed retailers under this chapter must be in 5 6 compliance with rules adopted by the board, prior to manufacturing and sale to other licensees. Rule making by the board pertaining to 7 any synthetically derived cannabinoid must be in consultation with 8 the department of health and the department of agriculture. The 9 10 purpose of such rule making must be to ensure the safety and purity of cannabidiol and other nonimpairing cannabinoid products used by 11 12 marijuana producers and processors licensed under this chapter ((69.50 RCW)) and incorporated into products sold by licensed 13 recreational marijuana retailers. This rule-making authority does not 14 include the authority to enact rules regarding either the production 15 16 or processing practices of the industrial hemp industry or any 17 cannabidiol products that are sold or marketed outside of the regulatory framework established under this chapter ((69.50 RCW)). 18

(4) Licensed marijuana producers and licensed marijuana processors may not use any artificial cannabinoids, as defined in this chapter, as an additive to any product authorized for production, processing, and sale under this chapter.

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- 23 (5) Licensed marijuana producers and licensed marijuana 24 processors must disclose on packaging and labeling all synthetically 25 derived cannabinoids contained in products, and may not make any 26 statements or claims on packaging, labeling, or advertising, 27 indicating those cannabinoids are a natural substance.
- 28 <u>(6) The board must revise rules as appropriate to conform to the</u> 29 terminology described in this act.
- 30 **Sec. 6.** RCW 69.50.342 and 2020 c 133 s 3 are each amended to 31 read as follows:
 - (1) For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 3, Laws of 2013 according to their true intent or of supplying any deficiency therein, the board may adopt rules not inconsistent with the spirit of chapter 3, Laws of 2013 as are deemed necessary or advisable. Without limiting the generality of the preceding sentence, the board is empowered to adopt rules regarding the following:

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(a) The equipment and management of retail outlets and premises where marijuana is produced or processed, and inspection of the retail outlets and premises where marijuana is produced or processed;

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- (b) The books and records to be created and maintained by licensees, the reports to be made thereon to the board, and inspection of the books and records;
- (c) Methods of producing, processing, and packaging marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products; conditions of sanitation; safe handling requirements; approved pesticides and pesticide testing requirements; and standards of ingredients, quality, and identity of marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products produced, processed, packaged, or sold by licensees;
- (d) Security requirements for retail outlets and premises where marijuana is produced or processed, and safety protocols for licensees and their employees;
- (e) Screening, hiring, training, and supervising employees of licensees;
 - (f) Retail outlet locations and hours of operation;
- (g) Labeling requirements and restrictions on advertisement of marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, cannabis health and beauty aids, and marijuana-infused products for sale in retail outlets;
- (h) Forms to be used for purposes of this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW or the rules adopted to implement and enforce these chapters, the terms and conditions to be contained in licenses issued under this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW, and the qualifications for receiving a license issued under this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW, including a criminal history record information check. The board may any criminal history record information check to the Washington state patrol and to the identification division of the federal bureau of investigation in order that these agencies may search their records for prior arrests and convictions of the individual or individuals who filled out the forms. The board must require fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history record information check is submitted to the federal bureau of investigation;
- (i) Application, reinstatement, and renewal fees for licenses issued under this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW, and fees for

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anything done or permitted to be done under the rules adopted to implement and enforce this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW;

- (j) The manner of giving and serving notices required by this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW or rules adopted to implement or enforce these chapters;
- (k) Times and periods when, and the manner, methods, and means by which, licensees transport and deliver marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products within the state;
- (1) Identification, seizure, confiscation, destruction, or donation to law enforcement for training purposes of all marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products produced, processed, sold, or offered for sale within this state which do not conform in all respects to the standards prescribed by this chapter or chapter 69.51A RCW or the rules adopted to implement and enforce these chapters;
- (m) The prohibition of any type of device used in conjunction with a marijuana vapor product and the prohibition of the use of any type of additive, solvent, ingredient, or compound in the production and processing of marijuana products, including marijuana vapor products, when the board determines, following consultation with the department of health or any other authority the board deems appropriate, that the device, additive, solvent, ingredient, or compound may pose a risk to public health or youth access; ((and))
- (n) Requirements for processors to submit under oath to the department of health a complete list of all constituent substances and the amount and sources thereof in each marijuana vapor product, including all additives, thickening agents, preservatives, compounds, and any other substance used in the production and processing of each marijuana vapor product; and
- (o) The production, processing, transportation, delivery, sale, and purchase of naturally derived cannabinoids or synthetically derived cannabinoids. This rule-making authority does not include authority to adopt rules on activities identified in this subsection (1)(o) related to:
- (i) Hemp or products derived from hemp as defined in RCW 15.140.020, except products intended for use by a licensee as provided in this chapter; or
- (ii) Products authorized as a drug by the federal food and drug duministration.

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(2) Rules adopted on retail outlets holding medical marijuana endorsements must be adopted in coordination and consultation with the department.

- (3) The board must adopt rules to perfect and expand existing programs for compliance education for licensed marijuana businesses and their employees. The rules must include a voluntary compliance program created in consultation with licensed marijuana businesses and their employees. The voluntary compliance program must include recommendations on abating violations of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 69.50.363 and 2015 c 207 s 7 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

The following acts, when performed by a validly licensed marijuana processor or employee of a validly licensed marijuana processor in compliance with rules adopted by the ((state liquor control)) board to implement and enforce chapter 3, Laws of 2013, do not constitute criminal or civil offenses under Washington state law:

- (1) Purchase and receipt of marijuana that has been properly packaged and labeled from a marijuana producer validly licensed under chapter 3, Laws of 2013;
- (2) Compound or convert marijuana products from marijuana grown by a licensed marijuana producer, as specified by the board by rule. This section does not authorize compounding or converting hemp into cannabinoids that may be impairing for creation of marijuana products from hemp, except as authorized under RCW 69.50.326;
- (3) Possession, processing, packaging, and labeling of quantities of marijuana, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products that do not exceed the maximum amounts established by the ((state liquor control)) board under RCW 69.50.345(4);
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (4) Delivery, distribution, and sale of useable marijuana or marijuana-infused products to a marijuana retailer validly licensed under chapter 3, Laws of 2013; and
- $((\frac{(4)}{(4)}))$ <u>(5)</u> Delivery, distribution, and sale of useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products to a federally recognized Indian tribe as permitted under an agreement between the state and the tribe entered into under RCW 43.06.490.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 69.50.455 and 2015 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 1201 are each 38 amended to read as follows:

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- 1 (1) ((It)) Except as authorized under section 3 of this act and RCW 69.50.326, it is an unfair or deceptive practice under RCW 2 19.86.020 for any person or entity to distribute, dispense, 3 manufacture, display for sale, offer for sale, attempt to sell, or 4 sell to a purchaser any product that contains any amount of any 5 6 synthetic cannabinoid. The legislature finds that practices covered by this section are matters vitally affecting the public interest for 7 the purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 8 RCW. Violations of this section are not reasonable in relation to the 9 development and preservation of business. 10
- (2) (("Synthetic)) For the purposes of this section, "synthetic cannabinoid" includes any chemical compound identified in RCW 69.50.204(c)(30) or by the pharmacy quality assurance commission under RCW 69.50.201.
- 15 **Sec. 9.** RCW 69.50.375 and 2015 c 70 s 10 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

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- (1) A medical marijuana endorsement to a marijuana retail license is hereby established to permit a marijuana retailer to sell marijuana for medical use to qualifying patients and designated providers. This endorsement also permits such retailers to provide marijuana at no charge, at their discretion, to qualifying patients and designated providers.
- 23 (2) An applicant may apply for a medical marijuana endorsement 24 concurrently with an application for a marijuana retail license.
 - (3) To be issued an endorsement, a marijuana retailer must:
 - (a) Not authorize the medical use of marijuana for qualifying patients at the retail outlet or permit health care professionals to authorize the medical use of marijuana for qualifying patients at the retail outlet;
 - (b) Carry marijuana concentrates and marijuana-infused products identified by the department under subsection (4) of this section;
 - (c) Not use labels or market marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products in a way that make them intentionally attractive to minors;
 - (d) Demonstrate the ability to enter qualifying patients and designated providers in the medical marijuana authorization database established in RCW 69.51A.230 and issue recognition cards and agree to enter qualifying patients and designated providers into the

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database and issue recognition cards in compliance with department standards;

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- (e) Keep copies of the qualifying patient's or designated provider's recognition card, or keep equivalent records as required by rule of the state liquor and cannabis board or the department of revenue to document the validity of tax exempt sales; and
- (f) Meet other requirements as adopted by rule of the department or the state liquor and cannabis board.
- (4) ((The)) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, the department, in conjunction with the state liquor and cannabis board, must adopt rules on requirements for marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products that may be sold, or provided at no charge, to qualifying patients or designated providers at a retail outlet holding a medical marijuana endorsement. These rules must include:
- (a) THC concentration, CBD concentration, or low THC, high CBD ratios appropriate for marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products sold to qualifying patients or designated providers;
- (b) Labeling requirements including that the labels attached to marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products contain THC concentration, CBD concentration, and THC to CBD ratios;
- (c) Other product requirements, including any additional mold, fungus, or pesticide testing requirements, or limitations to the types of solvents that may be used in marijuana processing that the department deems necessary to address the medical needs of qualifying patients;
- 29 (d) Safe handling requirements for marijuana concentrates, 30 useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products; and
 - (e) Training requirements for employees.
- 32 (5) Artificial cannabinoids and synthetically derived 33 cannabinoids are prohibited in the marijuana concentrates, useable 34 marijuana, and marijuana-infused products that may be approved, 35 labeled, or represented as complying with requirements adopted by the 36 department under subsection (4) of this section.
- 37 <u>(6)</u> A marijuana retailer holding an endorsement to sell marijuana 38 to qualifying patients or designated providers must train its 39 employees on:

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- (a) Procedures regarding the recognition of valid authorizations and the use of equipment to enter qualifying patients and designated providers into the medical marijuana authorization database;
 - (b) Recognition of valid recognition cards; and

- 5 (c) Recognition of strains, varieties, THC concentration, CBD concentration, and THC to CBD ratios of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products, available for sale when assisting qualifying patients and designated providers at the retail outlet.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 82.08.9998 and 2019 c 393 s 4 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
 - (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to:
 - (a) Sales of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, that do not contain any artificial cannabinoids as defined in RCW 69.50.101 or synthetically derived cannabinoids as defined in RCW 69.50.101 and that are identified by the department of health in rules adopted under RCW 69.50.375(4) in chapter 246-70 WAC as being a compliant marijuana product, by marijuana retailers with medical marijuana endorsements to qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued recognition cards;
- (b) Sales of products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less to qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued recognition cards by marijuana retailers with medical marijuana endorsements;
 - (c) Sales of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, identified by the department of health under RCW 69.50.375 to have a low THC, high CBD ratio, and to be beneficial for medical use, by marijuana retailers with medical marijuana endorsements, to any person;
 - (d) Sales of topical, noningestible products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less by health care professionals under RCW 69.51A.280;
 - (e)(i) Marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, marijuana-infused products, or products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less produced by a cooperative and provided to its members; and
- 38 (ii) Any nonmonetary resources and labor contributed by an 39 individual member of the cooperative in which the individual is a

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- member. However, nothing in this subsection (1)(e) may be construed to exempt the individual members of a cooperative from the tax imposed in RCW 82.08.020 on any purchase of property or services contributed to the cooperative.
 - (2) Each seller making exempt sales under subsection (1) of this section must maintain information establishing eligibility for the exemption in the form and manner required by the department.

- (3) The department must provide a separate tax reporting line for exemption amounts claimed under this section.
- (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 12 (a) "Cooperative" means a cooperative authorized by and operating 13 in compliance with RCW 69.51A.250.
 - (b) "Marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana endorsement" means a marijuana retailer permitted under RCW 69.50.375 to sell marijuana for medical use to qualifying patients and designated providers.
 - (c) "Products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less" means all products containing THC with a THC concentration not exceeding 0.3 percent and that, when used as intended, are inhalable, ingestible, or absorbable.
 - (d) "THC concentration," "marijuana," "marijuana concentrates," "useable marijuana," "marijuana retailer," and "marijuana-infused products" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 69.50.101 and the terms "qualifying patients," "designated providers," and "recognition card" have the same meaning as provided in RCW 69.51A.010.
- **Sec. 11.** RCW 82.12.9998 and 2019 c 393 s 5 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
 - (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to:
 - (a) The use of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, that do not contain any artificial cannabinoids as defined in RCW 69.50.101 or synthetically derived cannabinoids as defined in RCW 69.50.101 and that are identified by the department of health in rules adopted under RCW 69.50.375(4) in chapter 246-70 WAC as being a compliant marijuana product, by qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued recognition cards and have obtained such products from a marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana endorsement.

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- (b) The use of products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less by qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued recognition cards and have obtained such products from a marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana endorsement.
- (c)(i) Marijuana retailers with a medical marijuana endorsement with respect to:
- 8 (A) Marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-9 infused products; or
- 10 (B) Products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 11 percent or less;
 - (ii) The exemption in this subsection (1)(c) applies only if such products are provided at no charge to a qualifying patient or designated provider who has been issued a recognition card. Each such retailer providing such products at no charge must maintain information establishing eligibility for this exemption in the form and manner required by the department.
 - (d) The use of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, identified by the department of health under RCW 69.50.375 to have a low THC, high CBD ratio, and to be beneficial for medical use, purchased from marijuana retailers with a medical marijuana endorsement.
 - (e) Health care professionals with respect to the use of products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less provided at no charge by the health care professionals under RCW 69.51A.280. Each health care professional providing such products at no charge must maintain information establishing eligibility for this exemption in the form and manner required by the department.
 - (f) The use of topical, noningestible products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less by qualifying patients when purchased from or provided at no charge by a health care professional under RCW 69.51A.280.
 - (g) The use of:

- (i) Marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, marijuana-infused products, or products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less, by a cooperative and its members, when produced by the cooperative; and
- (ii) Any nonmonetary resources and labor by a cooperative when contributed by its members. However, nothing in this subsection (1)(g) may be construed to exempt the individual members of a

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- 1 cooperative from the tax imposed in RCW 82.12.020 on the use of any
- 2 property or services purchased by the member and contributed to the
- 3 cooperative.

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- 4 (2) The definitions in RCW 82.08.9998 apply to this section.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 69.50 6 RCW to read as follows:
- 7 Upon publication of a notice of a proposed rule under RCW 34.05.320 related to cannabinoids that may be impairing or 8 synthetically derived cannabinoids, the board shall notify the chairs 9 10 and ranking minority members of the house of representatives commerce 11 and gaming committee and of the senate labor, commerce, and tribal affairs committee, and provide them with the information in RCW 12 13 34.05.320(1). A chair or a ranking minority member may, if either deems appropriate, recommend a review of the proposed rule to the 14 15 joint administrative rules review committee as provided in chapter
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) Beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2024, the board must apply and collect a license fee surcharge of \$25 for licenses identified in this section upon initial application and annual renewal of the licenses.
- 23 (2) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section, licenses subject to the temporary surcharge established in this section are the following:
- 26 (a) Any vapor product retailer's license issued under chapter 70.345 RCW; and
- 28 (b) Any entity licensed under chapter 82.24 or 82.26 RCW to sell cigarettes, tobacco, and other tobacco products at retail.
- 30 (3) No business may be required to pay the license fee surcharge 31 on more than one license type identified in subsection (2) of this 32 section.
- 33 (4) This section does not apply to businesses classified as 34 "supermarkets and other grocery stores" and "convenience stores" 35 described in codes 445110 and 445120 of the North American industry 36 classification system.
 - (5) This section expires July 1, 2024.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) The board must conduct enforcement operations regarding products containing cannabinoids that may be impairing or are marketed as impairing including, but not limited to, products containing delta-8 THC, and not authorized for sale under this chapter.
- 8 (2) For purposes of this section, "enforcement operations"
 9 includes efforts to attain compliance, prevent noncompliance, and the
 10 removal of products containing cannabinoids that may be impairing and
 11 that are not authorized for sale under this chapter.
- 12 (3) This section expires July 1, 2024.

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- 13 **Sec. 15.** RCW 70.345.050 and 2016 sp.s. c 38 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) A fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars, plus any temporary
 16 license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act,
 17 must accompany each vapor product retailer's license application or
 18 license renewal application under RCW 70.345.020. A separate license
 19 is required for each separate location at which the retailer
 20 operates.
- (2) A retailer applying for, or renewing, both a vapor products retailer's license under RCW 70.345.020 and retailer's license under RCW 82.24.510 may pay a combined application fee of two hundred fifty dollars for both licenses.
- 25 **Sec. 16.** RCW 82.24.510 and 2019 c 445 s 203 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
 - (1) The licenses issuable under this chapter are as follows:
 - (a) A wholesaler's license.
- 29 (b) A retailer's license.
- 30 (2) Application for the licenses must be made through the business licensing system under chapter 19.02 RCW. The board must 31 adopt rules regarding the regulation of the licenses. The board may 32 refrain from the issuance of any license under this chapter if the 33 board has reasonable cause to believe that the applicant has 34 willfully withheld information requested for the purpose of 35 determining the eligibility of the applicant to receive a license, or 36 37 if the board has reasonable cause to believe that information submitted in the application is false or misleading or is not made in 38

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good faith. In addition, for the purpose of reviewing an application 1 for a wholesaler's license or retailer's license and for considering 2 the denial, suspension, or revocation of any such license, the board 3 may consider any prior criminal conduct of the applicant, including 4 an administrative violation history record with the board and a 5 6 criminal history record information check within the previous five years, in any state, tribal, or federal jurisdiction in the United 7 States, its territories, or possessions, and the provisions of RCW 8 9.95.240 and chapter 9.96A RCW do not apply to such cases. The board 9 may, in its discretion, grant or refuse the wholesaler's license or 10 11 retailer's license, subject to the provisions of RCW 82.24.550.

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- (3) No person may qualify for a wholesaler's license or a retailer's license under this section without first undergoing a criminal background check. The background check must be performed by the board and must disclose any criminal conduct within the previous five years in any state, tribal, or federal jurisdiction in the United States, its territories, or possessions. A person who possesses a valid license on July 22, 2001, is subject to this subsection and subsection (2) of this section beginning on the date of the person's business license expiration under chapter 19.02 RCW, and thereafter. If the applicant or licensee also has a license issued under chapter 66.24, 82.26, or 70.345 RCW, the background check done under the authority of chapter 66.24, 82.26, or 70.345 RCW satisfies the requirements of this section.
- (4) Each such license expires on the business license expiration date, and each such license must be continued annually if the licensee has paid the required fee, plus any temporary license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act for retailers, and complied with all the provisions of this chapter and the rules of the board made pursuant thereto.
- 31 (5) Each license and any other evidence of the license that the 32 board requires must be exhibited in each place of business for which 33 it is issued and in the manner required for the display of a business 34 license.
- 35 **Sec. 17.** RCW 82.24.530 and 2016 sp.s. c 38 s 9 are each amended 36 to read as follows:
- 37 (1) A fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars, plus any temporary 38 <u>license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act,</u> 39 must accompany each retailer's license application or license renewal

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- application. A separate license is required for each separate location at which the retailer operates. A fee of thirty additional dollars for each vending machine must accompany each application or renewal for a license issued to a retail dealer operating a cigarette vending machine. An additional fee of ninety-three dollars must accompany each application or renewal for a license issued to a retail dealer operating a cigarette-making machine.
 - (2) A retailer applying for, or renewing, both a retailer's license under RCW 82.24.510 and a vapor products retailer's license under RCW 70.345.020 may pay a combined application fee of two hundred fifty dollars for both licenses, plus any temporary license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act.

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- 13 **Sec. 18.** RCW 82.26.170 and 2016 sp.s. c 38 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) A fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars, plus any temporary license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act, shall accompany each retailer's license application or license renewal application. A separate license is required for each separate location at which the retailer operates.
 - (2) The fee imposed under subsection (1) of this section does not apply to any person applying for a retailer's license or for renewal of a retailer's license if the person has a valid retailer's license under RCW 82.24.510 for the place of business associated with the retailer's license application or renewal application.
- 25 (3) A retailer applying for, or renewing, both a retailer's license under ((RCW 82.26.170)) this section and a vapor products retailer's license under RCW 70.345.020 may pay a combined application fee of two hundred fifty dollars for both licenses, plus any temporary license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** This act takes effect July 1, 2022.

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- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** Sections 15 through 18 of this act expire
- 2 June 30, 2024.

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