SENATE BILL 6534

State	of	Washington	62nd Legisl	ature 201	2 Regular	Session
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By Senators Eide and Haugen; by request of Department of Licensing

AN ACT Relating to commercial vehicle regulations for texting while driving and flags on projecting loads; amending RCW 46.25.010, 46.61.668, and 46.37.140; and prescribing penalties.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 46.25.010 and 2011 c 227 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout this 8 chapter.

9 (1) "Alcohol" means any substance containing any form of alcohol, 10 including but not limited to ethanol, methanol, propanol, and 11 isopropanol.

12 (2) "Alcohol concentration" means:

13 (a) The number of grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of14 blood; or

(b) The number of grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath.

17 (3) "Commercial driver's license" (CDL) means a license issued to 18 an individual under chapter 46.20 RCW that has been endorsed in accordance with the requirements of this chapter to authorize the
 individual to drive a class of commercial motor vehicle.

3 (4) The "commercial driver's license information system" (CDLIS) is 4 the information system established pursuant to 49 U.S.C. Sec. 31309 to 5 serve as a clearinghouse for locating information related to the 6 licensing and identification of commercial motor vehicle drivers.

7 (5) "Commercial driver's instruction permit" means a permit issued
8 under RCW 46.25.060(5).

9 (6) "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or combination 10 of motor vehicles used in commerce to transport passengers or property 11 if the motor vehicle:

(a) Has a gross vehicle weight rating of 11,794 kilograms or more
(26,001 pounds or more) inclusive of a towed unit with a gross vehicle
weight rating of more than 4,536 kilograms (10,000 pounds or more); or

(b) Has a gross vehicle weight rating of 11,794 kilograms or more (26,001 pounds or more); or

17 (c) Is designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including 18 the driver; or

(d) Is of any size and is used in the transportation of hazardousmaterials as defined in this section; or

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(e) Is a school bus regardless of weight or size.

22 (7) "Conviction" means an unvacated adjudication of guilt, or a 23 determination that a person has violated or failed to comply with the 24 law in a court of original jurisdiction or by an authorized administrative tribunal, an unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral 25 26 deposited to secure the person's appearance in court, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere accepted by the court, the payment of a fine or 27 28 court cost, entry into a deferred prosecution program under chapter 29 10.05 RCW, or violation of a condition of release without bail, 30 regardless of whether or not the penalty is rebated, suspended, or probated. 31

32 (8) "Disqualification" means a prohibition against driving a33 commercial motor vehicle.

(9) "Drive" means to drive, operate, or be in physical control of a motor vehicle in any place open to the general public for purposes of vehicular traffic. For purposes of RCW 46.25.100, 46.25.110, and 46.25.120, "drive" includes operation or physical control of a motor vehicle anywhere in the state.

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(10) "Drugs" are those substances as defined by RCW 69.04.009, 1 2 including, but not limited to, those substances defined by 49 C.F.R. 3 Sec. 40.3.

4 (11) "Employer" means any person, including the United States, a 5 state, or a political subdivision of a state, who owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle, or assigns a person to drive a commercial 6 7 motor vehicle.

8 (12) "Gross vehicle weight rating" (GVWR) means the value specified by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight of a single vehicle. 9 10 The GVWR of a combination or articulated vehicle, commonly referred to as the "gross combined weight rating" or GCWR, is the GVWR of the power 11 12 unit plus the GVWR of the towed unit or units. If the GVWR of any unit 13 cannot be determined, the actual gross weight will be used. If a 14 vehicle with a GVWR of less than 11,794 kilograms (26,001 pounds or less) has been structurally modified to carry a heavier load, then the 15 actual gross weight capacity of the modified vehicle, as determined by 16 17 RCW 46.44.041 and 46.44.042, will be used as the GVWR.

18 (13) "Hazardous materials" means any material that has been designated as hazardous under 49 U.S.C. Sec. 5103 and is required to be 19 placarded under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. Part 172 or any quantity of a 20 21 material listed as a select agent or toxin in 42 C.F.R. Part 73.

22 (14) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle, machine, tractor, trailer, or 23 semitrailer propelled or drawn by mechanical power used on highways, or 24 any other vehicle required to be registered under the laws of this 25 state, but does not include a vehicle, machine, tractor, trailer, or 26 semitrailer operated exclusively on a rail.

27 (15) "Out-of-service order" means a declaration by an authorized enforcement officer of a federal, state, Canadian, Mexican, or local 28 29 jurisdiction that a driver, a commercial motor vehicle, or a motor carrier operation is out-of-service pursuant to 49 C.F.R. Secs. 386.72, 30 31 392.5, 395.13, 396.9, or compatible laws, or the North American uniform 32 out-of-service criteria.

"Positive alcohol confirmation test" 33 (16) means an alcohol confirmation test that: 34

35 (a) Has been conducted by a breath alcohol technician under 49 36 C.F.R. Part 40; and

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(b) Indicates an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more.

A report that a person has refused an alcohol test, under circumstances that constitute the refusal of an alcohol test under 49 C.F.R. Part 40, will be considered equivalent to a report of a positive alcohol confirmation test for the purposes of this chapter.

5 (17) "School bus" means a commercial motor vehicle used to 6 transport preprimary, primary, or secondary school students from home 7 to school, from school to home, or to and from school-sponsored events. 8 School bus does not include a bus used as a common carrier.

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(18) "Serious traffic violation" means:

10 (a) Excessive speeding, defined as fifteen miles per hour or more 11 in excess of the posted limit;

(b) Reckless driving, as defined under state or local law;

13 (c) <u>Texting</u>, defined as a violation of RCW 46.61.668(1)(b) or an 14 <u>equivalent administrative regulation or local law</u>, ordinance, 15 <u>regulation</u>, or resolution;

16 (d) A violation of a state or local law relating to motor vehicle 17 traffic control, other than a parking violation, arising in connection 18 with an accident or collision resulting in death to any person;

19 ((((d))) <u>(e)</u> Driving a commercial motor vehicle without obtaining a 20 commercial driver's license;

(((+e))) (f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without a commercial driver's license in the driver's possession; however, any individual who provides proof to the court by the date the individual must appear in court or pay any fine for such a violation, that the individual held a valid CDL on the date the citation was issued, is not guilty of a "serious traffic ((offense)) violation";

(((f))) <u>(g)</u> Driving a commercial motor vehicle without the proper class of commercial driver's license endorsement or endorsements for the specific vehicle group being operated or for the passenger or type of cargo being transported; and

31 (((g))) (h) Any other violation of a state or local law relating to 32 motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, that the 33 department determines by rule to be serious.

34 (19) "State" means a state of the United States and the District of 35 Columbia.

36 (20) "Substance abuse professional" means an alcohol and drug
 37 specialist meeting the credentials, knowledge, training, and continuing
 38 education requirements of 49 C.F.R. Sec. 40.281.

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1 (21) "Tank vehicle" means a vehicle that is designed to transport 2 a liquid or gaseous material within a tank that is either permanently 3 or temporarily attached to the vehicle or the chassis. Tank vehicles 4 include, but are not limited to cargo tanks and portable tanks. 5 However, this definition does not include portable tanks having a rated 6 capacity under one thousand gallons.

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(22) "Type of driving" means one of the following:

8 (a) "Nonexcepted interstate," which means the CDL holder or applicant operates or expects to operate in interstate commerce, is 9 10 both subject to and meets the qualification requirements under 49 C.F.R. Part 391 as it existed on January 30, 2012, or such subsequent 11 12 date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the 13 purposes of this section, and is required to obtain a medical examiner's certificate under 49 C.F.R. Sec. 391.45 as it existed on 14 15 January 30, 2012, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this section; 16

17 (b) "Excepted interstate," which means the CDL holder or applicant 18 operates or expects to operate in interstate commerce, but engages 19 exclusively in transportation or operations excepted under 49 C.F.R. Secs. 390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, or 398.3, as they existed on January 30, 20 21 2012, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by 22 rule, consistent with the purposes of this section, from all or parts 23 of the qualification requirements of 49 C.F.R. Part 391 as it existed 24 on January 30, 2012, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the 25 department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this section, and 26 is therefore not required to obtain a medical examiner's certificate 27 under 49 C.F.R. Sec. 391.45 as it existed on January 30, 2012, or such 28 subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, 29 consistent with the purposes of this section;

30 (c) "Nonexcepted intrastate," which means the CDL holder or 31 applicant operates only in intrastate commerce and is therefore subject 32 to state driver qualification requirements; or

33 (d) "Excepted intrastate," which means the CDL holder or applicant 34 operates in intrastate commerce, but engages exclusively in 35 transportation or operations excepted from all or parts of the state 36 driver qualification requirements.

37 (23) "United States" means the fifty states and the District of38 Columbia.

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(24) "Verified positive drug test" means a drug test result or
 validity testing result from a laboratory certified under the authority
 of the federal department of health and human services that:

4 (a) Indicates a drug concentration at or above the cutoff 5 concentration established under 49 C.F.R. Sec. 40.87; and

6 (b) Has undergone review and final determination by a medical 7 review officer.

8 A report that a person has refused a drug test, under circumstances 9 that constitute the refusal of a federal department of transportation 10 drug test under 49 C.F.R. Part 40, will be considered equivalent to a 11 report of a verified positive drug test for the purposes of this 12 chapter.

13 Sec. 2. RCW 46.61.668 and 2010 c 223 s 4 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

(1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(a) of this section, a person operating a moving <u>noncommercial</u> motor vehicle who, by means of an electronic wireless communications device, sends, reads, or writes a text message, is guilty of a traffic infraction.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b) of this section, a 19 20 person driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in RCW 46.25.010, including while temporarily stationary because of traffic, a traffic 21 control device, or other momentary delays, who, by means of an 22 23 electronic wireless communications device, sends, reads, or writes a text message, is guilty of a traffic infraction. For purposes of this 24 25 subsection, "driving" does not include operating a commercial motor 26 vehicle with or without the motor running when the driver has moved the vehicle to the side of, or off, a highway and has stopped in a location 27 where the vehicle can safely remain stationary. 28

29 (c) A person does not send, read, or write a text message when he 30 or she reads, selects, or enters a phone number or name in a wireless 31 communications device for the purpose of making a phone call.

32 (2)(a) Subsection (1)(a) of this section does not apply to a person 33 operating:

34 (((a))) <u>(i)</u> An authorized emergency vehicle;

35 ((((b))) <u>(ii)</u> A voice-operated global positioning or navigation 36 system that is affixed to the vehicle and that allows the user to send

- 1 or receive messages without diverting visual attention from the road or 2 engaging the use of either hand; or
- 3 (((c))) <u>(iii)</u> A moving motor vehicle while using an electronic
- 4 wireless communications device to:
- 5 (((i))) <u>(A)</u> Report illegal activity;
- 6 ((((ii)))) (B) Summon medical or other emergency help;
- 7 ((((iii)))) (C) Prevent injury to a person or property; or

8 (((iv))) <u>(D)</u> Relay information that is time sensitive between a 9 transit or for-hire operator and that operator's dispatcher, in which 10 the device is permanently affixed to the vehicle.

11 (b) Subsection (1)(b) of this section does not apply to a person 12 operating:

13 (i) A school bus or a vehicle designed or used to transport nine to 14 fifteen passengers, including the driver, not for direct compensation; 15 or

16 (ii) A commercial motor vehicle when necessary to communicate with 17 law enforcement officials or other emergency services.

(3) Infractions under <u>subsection (1)(a) of</u> this section shall not
become part of the driver's record under RCW 46.52.101 and 46.52.120.
Additionally, a finding that a person has committed a traffic
infraction under <u>subsection (1)(a) of</u> this section shall not be made
available to insurance companies or employers.

23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.37.140 and 1977 ex.s. c 355 s 12 are each amended 24 to read as follows:

25 ((Whenever the load upon any vehicle extends to the rear four feet 26 or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the load, at the times specified in RCW 27 46.37.020, two red lamps, visible from a distance of at least five 28 hundred feet to the rear, two red reflectors visible at night from all 29 30 distances within six hundred feet to one hundred feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful lower beams of headlamps, and located so as 31 to indicate maximum width, and on each side one red lamp, visible from 32 a distance of at least five hundred feet to the side, located so as to 33 34 indicate maximum overhang. There shall be displayed at all other 35 times)) (1) On any vehicle having a load ((which)) that extends more 36 than four inches beyond its sides or more than four feet beyond its 37 rear, there must be displayed red or orange fluorescent warning flags,

1	not less than ((twelve)) <u>eighteen</u> inches square, marking the
2	extremities of such loads((, at each point where a lamp would otherwise
3	be required by this section, under RCW 46.37.020)).
4	(2) Whenever the load upon any vehicle extends to the rear four
5	feet or more beyond the bed or body of the vehicle, there must be
6	displayed at the extreme rear end of the load at the times specified in
7	<u>RCW 46.37.020:</u>
8	(a) Two red lamps, visible from a distance of at least five hundred
9	feet to the rear;
10	(b) Two red reflectors, visible at night from all distances within
11	six hundred feet to one hundred feet to the rear when directly in front
12	of lawful lower beams of headlamps, and located so as to indicate
13	maximum width; and
14	(c) A red lamp on each side, visible from a distance of at least
15	five hundred feet to the side, and located so as to indicate maximum
16	overhang.

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