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State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4389/1 EKL:ahe&cjs

2019 ASSEMBLY BILL 1016

March 24, 2020 – Introduced by Representatives Kolste, Hebl, Zamarripa, Stubbs, Billings, Cabrera, Anderson, Sargent, Subeck, Brostoff, Bowen, Shankland, Neubauer, Sinicki, Considine, Ohnstad, Hintz and Vruwink, cosponsored by Senators Smith and Larson. Referred to Committee on Health.

AUTHORS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

1 AN ACT to create 609.07 of the statutes; relating to: imposing disclosure and

- 2 billing requirements for certain health care providers, creating an arbitration
 - process, and granting rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill creates disclosure, notice, billing, and arbitration requirements for the situation in which an enrollee in a defined network or preferred provider plan ("plan") may receive services from a health care provider that is not in the plan's network.

Under the bill, a plan must annually provide to enrollees a directory of providers and a list of health care facilities that are in its network. The bill also requires that a provider who is not in the network of the enrollee's plan but is providing a service at an in-network health care facility must disclose that information to the enrollee, provide the enrollee a good faith estimate of the cost of services the enrollee may be responsible for, and inform the enrollee of the availability of arbitration to settle disputes over the cost of services. The health care facility may opt to provide the notice for the provider.

Under the bill, if an enrollee of a plan requires medically necessary services that are not available from an in-network provider within a reasonable time, then the plan must provide an opportunity for referral to an out-of-network provider. The plan must reimburse the out-of-network provider at the usual and customary rate or at a rate agreed to between the provider and the plan and may not require the enrollee to pay more than the enrollee would have paid had the provider been in the

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plan's network. If there a dispute over the reimbursement, the plan or provider may submit the dispute using the arbitration process described below. The bill requires the enrollee to provide the out-of-network provider an assignment of benefits for any service, item, or supply provided by that provider.

Similarly, under the bill, if an enrollee of a plan receives emergency services from an out-of-network provider, then the plan must reimburse the provider at the usual and customary rate or at a rate agreed to between the provider and the plan and may not require the enrollee to pay more than the enrollee would have paid if the provider was in the plan's network. If there a dispute over the reimbursement, the plan or provider may submit the dispute using the arbitration process described below.

The bill requires the commissioner of insurance to promulgate rules to establish the arbitration process under which enrollees, plans, and out-of-network providers may submit billing disputes to an independent dispute resolution entity. Under the bill, an enrollee may request arbitration for a claim if the amount that the enrollee is financially responsible for, after copayments, deductibles, and coinsurance, is more than \$500, unless that amount is less than the good faith estimate provided by the provider. The plan or provider may not use the arbitration process to dispute bills for certain emergency services that do not exceed a specified amount or services for which provider fees are subject by law to monetary limitations.

Once a dispute is filed, the independent dispute resolution entity has 30 days to determine a reasonable fee for the services provided to the enrollee by the out-of-network provider. If the dispute is between the plan and provider, each party submits what it thinks is a reasonable fee for the services, and the independent dispute resolution entity must choose one of those amounts. However, if the entity finds that both sides' amounts are unreasonable or that a settlement between the parties is likely, it may direct the plan and provider to attempt a good faith negotiation for settlement and, if they reach an agreement, the entity will select that amount as its final determination. If the dispute is between the enrollee and provider, the independent dispute resolution entity determines a reasonable fee based upon factors that include whether there is a gross disparity between the fee billed by the provider and other fees charged by that provider; the provider's training and experience; and the circumstances and complexity of the particular case. The entity's determination is binding on the parties.

The bill provides that the losing party must pay the costs of the arbitration with two exceptions. First, if a settlement is reached between a plan and provider at the direction of the independent dispute resolution entity, the costs are evenly divided between the parties. Second, if the enrollee is the losing party, the maximum amount the enrollee may be charged is \$100 and the commissioner may waive or reduce the charge if requiring full payment would impose a hardship on the enrollee. The bill requires the commissioner to determine and establish a mechanism to cover the arbitration costs that are otherwise unpaid by enrollees.

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For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 609.07 of the statutes is created to read:

2 **609.07 Balance billing. (1)** DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Assignment of benefits" means a written instrument signed by an insured
or the authorized representative of an insured that assigns to a provider the
insured's claim for payment, reimbursement, or benefits under a disability
insurance policy as defined in s. 632.895 (1) (a).

(b) "Emergency services" means those services required to treat and stabilize
an emergency medical condition in accordance with 42 USC 1395dd and services
originating in a hospital emergency department, a freestanding emergency
department, or a similar facility following treatment or stabilization of an emergency
medical condition.

(c) "Network" means the providers that are under contract with a defined
network plan or preferred provider plan to provide services to enrollees at an agreed
price, for which the provider receives reimbursement in accordance with the
contract.

(2) NOTICE OF NETWORK STATUS. (a) A defined network plan or preferred provider
plan shall provide, no less frequently than annually, a list of health care facilities
that have agreed to facilitate the usage of providers that are in the plan's network.
The list shall specify the percentage of providers at those health care facilities that
are not in the plan's network.

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1 (b) A defined network plan or preferred provider plan shall provide, no less $\mathbf{2}$ frequently than annually, a directory of all providers that are in the plan's network 3 and are under contract with health care facilities that are in the plan's network. In 4 the directory, the defined network plan or preferred provider plan shall specify 5 health care facilities that do not have contracts with providers in a particular specialty. 6 7 (3) DISCLOSURES. (a) A provider that is not in a defined network plan's or 8 preferred provider plan's network and is under contract to provide services at a 9 health care facility that is in the plan's network shall provide, in writing, to an 10 enrollee of the defined network plan or preferred provider plan all of the following: 1. That the enrollee may receive services from a provider that is not in the 11 12defined network plan's or preferred provider plan's network. 2. A good faith estimate of the enrollee's financial responsibility for the services

13 2. A good faith estimate of the enrollee's financial responsibility for the services
provided under subd. 1.

15 3. That the enrollee is entitled to arbitration under circumstances described in
16 sub. (6) (a).

17 (b) In lieu of the provider providing the notice under par. (a), a health care
18 facility may provide the notice described under par. (a).

(4) EMERGENCY SERVICES. (a) If an enrollee of a preferred provider plan that
 restricts or increases cost sharing for use of providers that are not in its network
 obtains emergency services from a provider not in the plan's network, the preferred
 provider plan shall do all of the following:

Allow the enrollee to obtain services from the provider until the enrollee can
 be transferred to a provider that is in the preferred provider plan's network in
 accordance with 42 USC 1395dd.

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1	2. Reimburse the provider at the usual and customary rate or at a rate agreed
2	to by the provider and the preferred provider plan.
3	3. Require the enrollee to pay an amount for the emergency services that is no
4	more than the enrollee would have paid if the provider had been in the preferred
5	provider plan's network.
6	(b) If an enrollee of a defined network plan obtains emergency services from a
7	provider that is not in the plan's network, the defined network plan shall do all of the
8	following:
9	1. Reimburse the provider at the usual and customary rate or at a rate agreed
10	to by the provider and the defined network plan.
11	2. Require the enrollee to pay an amount for the emergency services that is no
12	more than the enrollee would have paid if the provider had been in the defined
13	network plan's network.
14	(5) MEDICALLY NECESSARY SERVICES. If an enrollee of a defined network plan or
15	a preferred provider plan that restricts or increases cost sharing for use of providers
16	that are not in its network is unable to obtain medically necessary services within
17	a reasonable time from a provider in the plan's network, the plan shall, upon the
18	request of a provider that is in the plan's network, do all of the following:
19	(a) Within a reasonable time, allow referral to a provider that is not within the
20	plan's network.
21	(b) Reimburse the provider that is not in the plan's network at the usual and
22	customary rate or at a rate agreed to between the provider and the plan. The enrollee
23	shall provide to the provider under this paragraph an assignment of benefits from
24	the enrollee to the provider for any service, item, or supply that the provider provides
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25 to the enrollee.

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1	(c) Require the enrollee to pay an amount for the medically necessary services
2	that is no more than the enrollee would have paid if the provider had been in the
3	preferred provider plan's or defined network plan's network.
4	(6) ARBITRATION. (a) Enrollees. 1. Except as provided under subd. 2., an
5	enrollee of a defined network plan or preferred provider plan shall be entitled to
6	submit a dispute of a claim of a provider to arbitration if all of the following apply:
7	a. The provider is not in the network of the enrollee's defined network plan or
8	preferred provider plan.
9	b. The provider is under contract to provide services at a health care facility
10	that is in the network of the enrollee's defined network plan or preferred provider
11	plan.
12	c. The enrollee is responsible for an amount, after copayments, deductibles, and
13	coinsurance, that exceeds \$500.
14	2. The enrollee is not entitled to request arbitration if the amount that the
15	enrollee is responsible for, after copayments, deductibles, and coinsurance, is less
16	than the good faith estimate provided under sub. (3) (a) 2.
17	3. The defined network plan or preferred provider plan shall include in an
18	explanation of benefits statement provided to an enrollee a notice that the enrollee
19	may be entitled to request arbitration as provided under this subsection.
20	(b) <i>Plans and providers</i> . If there is a dispute over a payment under sub. (4) (a)
21	2. or (b) 1. or (5) (b), the plan or provider may submit the dispute for arbitration,
22	except that a dispute involving any of the following may not be submitted:
23	1. Services for which provider fees are subject by law to schedules or other
24	monetary limitations.

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1 2. Emergency services billed under American Medical Association Current $\mathbf{2}$ Procedural Terminology codes 99217 to 99220, 99224 to 99226, 99234 to 99236, 3 99281 to 99285, 99288, and 99291 to 99292 if the amount billed for a specific code 4 does not exceed 120 percent of the usual and customary cost for the code and does not 5exceed the exemption amount. The exemption amount shall be \$600 in 2020 and 6 shall be adjusted annually by the commissioner to reflect changes in the consumer 7 price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the medical care group, as 8 determined by the U.S. department of labor, for the 12 months ending on December 9 31 of the preceding year, except that the exemption amount may not exceed \$1,200.

10 (c) *Establishment*. The commissioner shall establish an arbitration process to 11 resolve disputes that are submitted under par. (a) or (b). The commissioner shall 12 certify at least one independent dispute resolution entity to conduct the arbitration 13 process. In order to obtain and maintain certification, an independent dispute 14 resolution entity shall use licensed providers who are in active practice in the same 15or similar specialty as the provider providing the service subject to dispute and who, 16 to the extent practicable, are licensed in this state. The commissioner shall, by rule, 17establish a process for submitting a dispute for arbitration and standards for the 18 arbitration process, including a process for certifying an independent dispute 19 resolution entity and revoking the certification when appropriate.

(d) Arbitration process. When a party submits a dispute for arbitration under
par. (a) or (b), the independent dispute resolution entity shall determine the amount
of a reasonable fee for the services provided by the provider to the enrollee according
to the conditions of this paragraph. The independent dispute resolution entity shall
provide the determination, in writing, to the parties and the commissioner no later
than 30 days after the dispute is submitted to the entity.

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1 1. For a dispute submitted under par. (a), the independent dispute resolution 2 entity shall determine if the fee charged by the provider to the enrollee is reasonable 3 based on the factors in par. (e). If the entity determines the fee is reasonable, the 4 entity shall select that amount as its determination. If the entity determines the fee 5 is not reasonable, the entity shall determine a reasonable fee based on the factors in 6 par. (e).

7 2. For a dispute submitted under par. (b), the plan and provider shall each 8 submit an amount to the independent dispute resolution entity, and the entity shall 9 select one of the amounts based on the factors in par. (e); except that, if the entity 10 determines that the amounts submitted by the parties are unreasonable or that a 11 settlement between the parties is reasonably likely, the entity may direct the parties 12to attempt a good faith negotiation for settlement. If the plan and provider agree to 13an amount, the independent dispute resolution entity shall select that amount as its 14 determination.

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(e) Reasonable fee criteria. The independent dispute resolution entity shall consider all of the following factors when determining a reasonable fee under par. (d):
1. The provider's usual charge for comparable services rendered to patients covered by plans for which the provider is not in network.

19 2. Whether there is a gross disparity between the fee billed by the provider as 20 compared to fees paid to that provider for the same services rendered to other 21 patients covered by plans for which the provider is not in network and, in the case 22 of a dispute submitted under par. (b), fees paid by the plan to reimburse similarly 23 qualified providers who are not in the plan's network.

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3. The level of training, education, and experience of the provider.

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4. The circumstances and complexity of the particular case, including time and
 place of the service.

- 3 5. Individual characteristics of the enrollee.
- 4 6. The usual and customary cost of the service.
 - 7. Any factors identified by the commissioner by rule.
- 8. Any factors the entity determines are relevant based on the specific facts and
 circumstances of the dispute.
- 8 (f) *Binding effect*. The determination of the independent dispute resolution 9 entity shall be binding on the parties to the dispute and shall be admissible in a court 10 proceeding between them and in any administrative proceeding between this state 11 and the provider.
- 12(g) Costs. 1. For disputes submitted under par. (a), the costs for the arbitration 13process shall be paid by the enrollee if the independent dispute resolution entity 14 determines that the fee charged by the provider to the enrollee is reasonable and by 15the provider if the entity determines that the fee is not reasonable; except that the 16 costs charged to an enrollee may not exceed \$100. The commissioner may waive or reduce the costs charged to the enrollee if requiring full payment would impose a 1718 hardship on the enrollee. The commissioner shall, by rule, specify the factors to be 19 considered in making the determination of hardship and determine and establish a 20 mechanism to cover the amount of arbitration costs that are otherwise unpaid by 21enrollees under this subdivision.
- 22 2. For disputes submitted under par. (b), the costs for the arbitration process 23 shall be paid by the party whose amount is not selected by the independent dispute 24 resolution entity or, if a settlement is reached, by both parties in equal amounts.

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1 (7) CONFLICTS. To the extent that this section conflicts with s. 609.10, 609.91, 2 or 609.92, this section supersedes ss. 609.10, 609.91, and 609.92.

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SECTION 2. Initial applicability.

4 (1) (a) For plans or contracts containing provisions inconsistent with this act,
5 the act first applies to plan or contract years beginning on January 1 of the 2nd year
6 following the year in which this paragraph takes effect, except as provided in par. (b).

7 (b) For plans or contracts that are affected by a collective bargaining agreement 8 containing provisions inconsistent with this act, this act first applies to plan or 9 contract years beginning on the effective date of this paragraph or on the day on 10 which the collective bargaining agreement is newly established, extended, modified, 11 or renewed, whichever is later.

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SECTION 3. Effective date.

13 (1) This act takes effect on first day of the 7th month beginning after14 publication.

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(END)