



State of Wisconsin
2021 - 2022 LEGISLATURE

LRB-5237/1
JPC:emw

2021 ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION 102

December 7, 2021 - Introduced by Representatives SNODGRASS, CABRAL-GUEVARA, S. RODRIGUEZ, ANDERSON, ANDRACA, ARMSTRONG, CABRERA, CONLEY, CONSIDINE, DITTRICH, DRAKE, HEBL, HESSELBEIN, HONG, HORLACHER, MILROY, MOORE OMOKUNDE, MURPHY, MURSAU, NEUBAUER, OHNSTAD, PENTERMAN, ROZAR, SHANKLAND, SHELTON, SINICKI, SPREITZER, THIESFELDT, TUSLER, VRUWINK and SUBECK, cosponsored by Senators JOHNSON, AGARD, CARPENTER, DARLING, LARSON, PFAFF, RINGHAND, ROYS, SMITH and L. TAYLOR. Referred to Committee on Rules.

AUTHORS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

1 **Relating to:** proclaiming November 2021 to be Diabetes Awareness Month in
2 Wisconsin.

3 Whereas, November has been established nationally as Diabetes Awareness
4 Month by the Juvenile Diabetes Research Foundation, the American Diabetes
5 Association, and others; and

6 Whereas, diabetes is a chronic disease for which there is currently no known
7 cure and is the eighth leading cause of death in the United States; and

8 Whereas, individuals with type 1 diabetes cannot produce any of their own
9 insulin or amylin, hormones needed to help regulate sugar and food stores in the
10 body; and

11 Whereas, individuals with type 1 diabetes are dependent on artificial, injected
12 insulin; and

13 Whereas, individuals with type 2 diabetes, or adult-onset diabetes, experience
14 resistance to their own insulin or amylin and often do not exhibit symptoms in the
15 early stages of the disease; and

1 Whereas, there is a lack of understanding of other types of diabetes, including
2 gestational diabetes, latent autoimmune diabetes in adults, monogenic diabetes,
3 and others; and

4 Whereas, the United States is experiencing an insulin pricing crisis, with one
5 in four individuals with type 1 diabetes reporting they ration insulin; and

6 Whereas, other supplies for monitoring diabetes, including glucometers,
7 continuous glucose monitors, and insulin pumps, continue to rise in price; and

8 Whereas, these increasing prices have created barriers to receiving proper
9 medical care and achieving healthy control of blood glucose levels; and

10 Whereas, the serious long-term complications of uncontrolled glucose levels
11 may include blindness, lower extremity amputation, heart disease, kidney failure,
12 and premature death; and

13 Whereas, Wisconsin and the United States are facing a diabetes epidemic, with
14 the most recent statistics indicating over 517,000 children and adults in Wisconsin
15 are currently living with the disease; and

16 Whereas, the keys to reducing the incidence of type 2 diabetes and the
17 complications associated with all forms of diabetes are education, early detection,
18 control, proper treatment, and continued research; and

19 Whereas, the earlier a person is diagnosed with diabetes and receives
20 treatment, the better the person's chances are for avoiding diabetes complications;
21 and

22 Whereas, increased awareness of the symptoms and complications of diabetes
23 will promote improved health outcomes for individuals living with diabetes; now,
24 therefore, be it

