## HOUSE BILL NO. HB0119

Death with dignity.

Sponsored by: Representative(s) Zwonitzer, Dn. and Connolly

## A BILL

for

AN ACT relating to public health; providing that a capable 1 patient with a terminal disease may request prescription of 2 self-administered medication for the purpose of hastening 3 4 death; providing that patients have a right to information as specified; specifying duties and responsibilities of 5 physicians as specified; specifying waiting periods and 6 residency requirements; specifying the effect of the act on 7 8 insurance policies; providing immunities for participation 9 in the act; specifying limitations; providing definitions; granting rulemaking authority; and providing for 10 effective date. 11

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13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

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15 **Section 1.** W.S. 35-22-501 through 35-22-510 are

16 created to read:

1	
2	ARTICLE 5
3	DEATH WITH DIGNITY
4	
5	35-22-501. Definitions.
6	
7	(a) As used in this article:
8	
9	(i) "Bona fide physician-patient relationship"
10	means a treating or consulting relationship in the course
11	of which a physician has completed a full assessment of the
12	patient's medical history and current medical condition,
13	including a personal physical examination;
14	
15	(ii) "Capable" means that a patient has the
16	ability to make and communicate health care decisions to a
17	physician, including communication through persons familiar
18	with the patient's manner of communicating if those persons
19	are available;
20	
21	(iii) "Health care facility" means as defined in
22	W.S. $35-2-901(a)(x)$ ;

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1	(iv) "Health care provider" means a person,
2	partnership, corporation, facility or institution, licensed
3	or certified or authorized by law to administer health care
4	or dispense medication in the ordinary course of business
5	or practice of a profession;
6	
7	(v) "Impaired judgment" means that a person does
8	not sufficiently understand or appreciate the relevant
9	facts necessary to make an informed decision;
10	
11	<pre>(vi) "Interested person" means:</pre>
12	
13	(A) The patient's physician;
14	
15	(B) A person who knows that the patient is
16	the person's relative by blood, civil marriage, civil union
17	or adoption;
18	
19	(C) A person who knows that, upon the
20	patient's death, the person would be entitled to any
21	portion of the estate or assets of the patient under any
22	will or trust, by operation of law or by contract; or
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Τ	(D) An owner, operator or employee of a
2	health care facility, nursing home or residential care
3	facility where the patient is receiving medical treatment
4	or is a resident.
5	
6	(vii) "Palliative care" means health care that
7	is intended to relieve symptoms, pain, physical stress and
8	mental stress of a serious illness without intending to
9	cure the illness;
10	
11	(viii) "Patient" means a person who is eighteen
12	(18) years of age or older, a resident of Wyoming and under
13	the care of a physician;
14	
15	(ix) "Physician" means an individual licensed to
16	practice medicine under W.S. 33-26-101 et seq.;
17	
18	(x) "Terminal condition" means an incurable and
19	irreversible disease which would, within reasonable medical
20	judgment, result in death within six (6) months.
21	
22	35-22-502. Right to information.
23	

A patient, regardless of the purpose of the inquiry or the 1 2 nature of the information, has the right to be informed of 3 all available options related to terminal care and to 4 receive answers to any specific question about foreseeable risks and benefits of medication without the 5 physician's withholding any requested information. 6 physician who engages in discussions with a patient related 7 8 to risks and benefits in the circumstances described in 9 this article shall not be construed to be assisting in or 10 contributing to a patient's independent decision to self-11 administer a lethal dose of medication and the discussions

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15 **35-22-503**. Requirements for prescription and 16 documentation; immunity.

or professional disciplinary action.

shall not be used to establish civil or criminal liability

17

(a) A physician shall not be subject to any civil or criminal liability or professional disciplinary action if the physician prescribes to a patient with a terminal condition medication to be self-administered for the purpose of hastening the patient's death and the physician affirms by documenting in the patient's medical record that

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1 all of the following occurred:

2

3 (i) The patient made an oral request to the

4 physician in the physician's physical presence for

5 medication to be self-administered for the purpose of

6 hastening the patient's death;

7

8 (ii) No fewer than fifteen (15) days after the

9 first oral request, the patient made a second oral request

10 to the physician in the physician's physical presence for

11 medication to be self-administered for the purpose of

12 hastening the patient's death;

13

14 (iii) At the time of the second oral request,

15 the physician offered the patient an opportunity to rescind

16 the request;

17

18 (iv) The patient made a written request for

19 medication to be self-administered for the purpose of

20 hastening the patient's death that was signed by the

21 patient in the presence of two (2) or more witnesses who

22 were not interested persons, who were at least eighteen

23 (18) years of age and who signed and affirmed that the

patient appeared to understand the nature of the document 1 and to be free from duress or undue influence at the time 2 3 the request was signed; 4 5 (v) The physician determined that the patient: 6 7 (A) Was suffering a terminal condition, 8 based on the physician's physical examination of the patient and review of the patient's relevant medical 9 10 records; 11 12 (B) Was capable; 13 14 (C) Was making an informed decision; 15 16 (D) Had made a voluntary request for medication to hasten the patient's death; and 17 18 19 (E) Was a Wyoming resident for at least one 20 (1) year. 21 22 (vi) The physician informed the patient

person, both verbally and in writing, of all the following:

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1	
2	(A) The patient's medical diagnosis;
3	
4	(B) The patient's prognosis, including ar
5	acknowledgement that the physician's prediction of the
6	patient's life expectancy was an estimate based on the
7	physician's best medical judgment and was not a guarantee
8	of the actual time remaining in the patient's life and that
9	the patient could live longer than the time predicted;
LO	
L1	(C) The range of treatment options
L2	appropriate for the patient and the patient's diagnosis;
L3	
L 4	(D) If the patient was not enrolled in
L5	hospice care, all feasible end-of-life services, including
L 6	palliative care, comfort care, hospice care and pair
L 7	control;
L 8	
L 9	(E) The range of possible results,
20	including potential risks associated with taking the
21	medication to be prescribed; and
22	
23	(F) The probable result of taking the

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1 medication to be prescribed.

2

3 (vii) The physician referred the patient to a

4 second physician for medical confirmation of the diagnosis,

5 prognosis and a determination that the patient was capable,

6 was acting voluntarily and had made an informed decision;

7

8 (viii) The physician either verified that the

9 patient did not have impaired judgment or referred the

10 patient for an evaluation by a psychiatrist, psychologist

11 or clinical social worker licensed in Wyoming for

12 confirmation that the patient was capable and did not have

13 impaired judgment;

14

15 (ix) If applicable, the physician consulted with

16 the patient's primary care physician with the patient's

17 consent;

18

19 (x) The physician informed the patient that the

20 patient may rescind the request at any time and in any

21 manner and offered the patient an opportunity to rescind

9

22 after the patient's second oral request;

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1	(xi) The physician ensured that all required
2	steps were carried out in accordance with this section and
3	confirmed, immediately prior to writing the prescription
4	for medication, that the patient was making an informed
5	decision;
6	
7	(xii) The physician wrote the prescription at
8	least forty-eight (48) hours after the last to occur of the
9	following events:
10	
11	(A) The patient's written request for
12	medication to hasten the patient's death;
13	
14	(B) The patient's second oral request;
15	
16	(C) The physician's offering the patient an
17	opportunity to rescind the request.
18	
19	(xiii) The physician either:
20	
21	(A) Dispensed the medication directly,
22	provided that the physician was licensed to dispense
23	medication in Wyoming, had a current drug enforcement

administration certificate and complied with any applicable 1 2 administrative rules; or 3 4 (B) With the patient's written consent: 5 (I) Contacted a pharmacist and 6 informed the pharmacist of the prescription; and 7 8 9 (II) Delivered the written prescription personally or by mail or facsimile to the 10 11 pharmacist, who dispensed the medication to the patient, the physician or an expressly identified agent of the 12 13 patient. 14 15 (xiv) The physician recorded and filed the 16 following in the patient's medical record: 17 18 (A) The date, time and wording of all oral 19 requests of the patient for medication to hasten the 20 patient's death; 21 22 (B) All written requests by the patient for

medication to hasten the patient's death;

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1	
2	(C) The physician's diagnosis, prognosis
3	and basis for the determination that the patient was
4	capable, was acting voluntarily and had made an informed
5	decision;
6	
7	(D) The second physician's diagnosis,
8	prognosis and verification that the patient was capable,
9	was acting voluntarily and had made an informed decision;
10	
11	(E) The physician's attestation that the
12	patient was enrolled in hospice care at the time of the
13	patient's oral and written requests for medication to
14	hasten the patient's death or that the physician informed
15	the patient of all feasible end-of-life services;
16	
17	(F) The physician's verification that the
18	patient either did not have impaired judgment or that the
19	physician referred the patient for an evaluation and the
20	person conducting the evaluation has determined that the
21	patient did not have impaired judgment;
22	
23	(G) A report of the outcome and

1 determinations made during any evaluation which the patient

2 may have received;

3

4 (H) The date, time and wording of the

5 physician's offer to the patient to rescind the request for

6 medication at the time of the patient's second oral

7 request; and

8

9 (J) A note by the physician indicating that

10 all requirements under this section were satisfied and

11 describing all of the steps taken to carry out the request,

12 including a notation of the medication prescribed.

13

14 (xv) After writing the prescription, the

15 physician promptly filed a report with the department of

16 health documenting completion of all of the requirements

17 under this section.

18

19 (b) This section shall not be construed to limit

20 civil or criminal liability for gross negligence,

21 recklessness or intentional misconduct.

22

23 **35-22-504.** Limitation on actions.

2 (a) A physician, nurse, pharmacist or other person

3 shall not be under any duty, by law or contract, to

4 participate in the provision of a lethal dose of medication

to a patient. 5

6

(b) A health care facility or health care provider 7

shall not subject a physician, nurse, pharmacist or other 8

9 person to discipline, suspension, loss of license, loss of

10 privileges or other penalty for actions taken in good faith

reliance on the provisions of this article or refusals to 11

12 act under this article.

13

14 (c) Except as specifically provided in this article,

nothing in this article shall be construed to limit 15

16 liability for civil damages resulting from negligent

17 conduct or intentional misconduct by any person.

18

19 35-22-505. Health care facility exception.

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21 A health care facility may prohibit a physician from

22 writing a prescription for a dose of medication intended to

23 be lethal for a patient who is a resident in its facility

- and intends to use the medication on the facility's 1
- 2 premises, provided the facility has notified the physician
- 3 in writing of its policy with regard to the prescriptions.
- 4 Notwithstanding W.S. 35-22-504(b), any physician who
- violates a policy established by a health care facility 5
- under this section may be subject to sanctions otherwise 6
- allowable under law or contract. 7

9 35-22-506. Insurance policies; prohibitions.

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- (a) A person and a person's beneficiaries shall not 11
- 12 be denied benefits under a life insurance policy, as
- 13 defined in W.S. 26-5-102, for actions taken in accordance
- with this article. 14

15

- 16 The sale, procurement or issue of any medical (b)
- malpractice insurance policy or the rate charged for the 17
- 18 policy shall not be conditioned upon or affected by whether
- 19 the physician is willing or unwilling to participate in the
- 20 provisions of this article.

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22 35-22-507. No effect on palliative sedation.

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- 1 This article shall not limit or otherwise affect the
- 2 provision, administration or receipt of palliative sedation
- 3 consistent with accepted medical standards.

- 5 35-22-508. Protection of patient choice at end of
- 6 life; immunity.

7

- 8 (a) A physician with a bona fide physician-patient
- 9 relationship with a patient with a terminal condition shall
- 10 not be considered to have engaged in unprofessional conduct
- 11 under W.S. 33-26-402 if:

12

- 13 (i) The physician determines that the patient is
- 14 capable and does not have impaired judgment;

15

- 16 (ii) The physician informs the patient of all
- 17 feasible end-of-life services, including palliative care,
- 18 comfort care, hospice care and pain control;

19

- 20 (iii) The physician prescribes a dose of
- 21 medication that may be lethal to the patient;

22

23 (iv) The physician advises the patient of all

foreseeable risks related to the prescription; and 1 2 3 (v) The patient makes an independent decision to 4 self-administer a lethal dose of the medication. 5 (b) A physician shall be immune from any civil or 6 criminal liability or professional disciplinary action for 7 8 actions performed in good faith compliance with the 9 provisions of this article. 10 11 35-22-509. Safe disposal of medications. 12 The department of health shall adopt rules providing for 13 the safe disposal of unused medications prescribed under 14 15 this article. 16

17 35-22-510. Construction of article.

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19 Nothing in this article shall be construed to authorize a

20 physician or any other person to end a patient's life by

21 lethal injection, mercy killing or active euthanasia.

Action taken in accordance with this article shall not be 22

23 construed for any purpose to constitute suicide, assisted

1 suicide, mercy killing or homicide under the law. This

2 section shall not be construed to conflict with section

3 1553 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act,

4 Public Law No. 111-148, as amended by the Health Care and

5 Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Public Law No.

6 111-152.

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8 Section 2. This act is effective July 1, 2015.

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10 (END)